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ABSTRACT

In an effort to serve several purposes with the same instrument, a questionnaire was designed so that respondents could indicate their requirements for information concerning schools, to rank goals and objectives, and make determination as to which aspects of a child's development were primarily a home responsibility and which aspects were the school's responsibility. The final section of the questionnaire was designed to do two things. The first purpose was to determine the level of confidence in, and support of, the total educational program for Beverly Hills schools. The second was to rank budget allocations. Basic questions in the questionnaire include: (1) Which are the best information sources concerning Beverly Hills Schools? (2) In what areas is more information needed? (3) In what areas should the schools expend resources? (4) Where, between home and school, does the primary responsibility lie for the student's development in other than academic areas? and (5) What is the level of confidence in the schools? (Author/CK)

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Beverly Hills Unified School District

EDUCATIONAL NEEDS ASSESSMENT

A COMMUNITY SURVEY

OCTOBER, 1972



BEVERLY HILLS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

EDUCATIONAL NEEDS ASSESSMENT

A Community Survey

A Project to Determine District Goals and Objectives and Establish Priorities for the Beverly Hills Unified School District, October, 1972.

Board of Education

Bernice H. Hutter, President Jack Paul, Vice-President Herbert J. Young Melvin P. Spitz Arthur Malin, M.D.

Kenneth L. Peters, Superintendent of Schools

Sybil, F. Jaffy, coordinator, Special Projects

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Gratitude is expressed to the hundreds of citizens, students, and employees of the Beverly Hills Unified School District, who offered the information and opinions contained in this report, and to the professional staff, who contributed questions relating to the goals of their respective programs. Particular acknowledgment is expressed to Kenneth K. Gelms, who was responsible for drafting the information section of the questionnaire, and for categorizing the free response section from parents as well as over-all assistance in all aspects of the survey. Appreciation is expressed to Sam Frias and the graphic arts students who printed the questionnaire, and to Stuart J. Silver and his staff for their work with Dr. James E. Bruno of UCLA who programmed and prepared / computer printouts of the data.

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INTRODUCTION

The Problem:

Need was expressed for definitive data regarding the desires of this community concerning their expectations and priorities in relation to the public schools. This expressed desire paralleled the current legislative requirement to develop goals and objectives for each of the school districts in the State of California. effort to serve several purposes with the same instrument, a questionnaire was designed so that respondents could indicate their requirements for information concerning the schools, to prioritize goals and objectives, and make determinations as to which aspects of the child's development were primarily a home responsibility and which aspects were basically the school's responsibility. The final section of the questionnaire was designed to do two things. The first purpose was to determine the level of confidence in, and support of, the total educational program for Beverly Hills schools, and secondly, to prioritize budget allocations.

Additional space was provided for comments and suggestions from respondents concerning any aspect of their relationship with the schools.

The basic questions posed in each section of the questionnaire were as follows:

- 1. Which are the best information sources concerning Beverly Hills Schools?

 Items 28-39
- 2. In what areas is more information needed? Items 40-49
- 3. In what areas should the schools expend its resources? Items 50-97
- 4. Where, between home and school, does the primary responsibility lie for the student's development in other than academic areas?

 Items 98-117



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INTRODUCTION - The F : (continued)

5. What is the location of confidence in the schools in terms of allocation of resources, relationship with school heirarchy, and present Board of Education policy?

Items 118-143

An identification section (Items 5-20) provided for cross tabulations so that responses for each item could be tabulated for each classification of respondent. Correlations were also computed between specific items for the purposes of verification and comparison.

What was produced was an enormous quantity of data which should be used as a basic source of information, and which contains answers to specific questions, which, because of time and space, could not be treated in this resultant report. All of the original data, as well as a copy of the actual questionnaire used, is reprinted in Appendix I and II of this report. It is anticipated the students, staff, parents, and taxpayers in this community will make use of this data as specific questions and needs arise.

In addition to the structured data, the free-response items have been classified according to topics covered, and they are presented in frequency arrangement so that those topics which elicited the highest number of comments are presented first and continue in declining numerical order. These are contained in Section VI of this report.



. RESEARCH PLAN

RESEARCH PLAN

In order to gather data to answer the questions posed, the questionnaire containing 143 response items was distributed in April, 1972, to all students, parents and district employees. Questionnaires were also sent to other taxpayer groups selected randomly, which included nonparents, senior citizens and businessmen.

	No. Mailed or Distributed	No. Returned	Pct. Return Per Category
<u>Parents</u>	3700	No Comments 953 With Comments 460	
Non-Parents .	400	No Comments 50 With Comments 16	/
Businessmen	300	No Comments 23	ı!
Senior Citizens	150	No Comments 14	ι μ
Students (12th Grade)	500	No Comments 232 With Comments 105	
Employees (BHUSD)	550	No Comments 213 With Comments 40	
TOTAL	<u>5600</u>	2120	37%

The average rate of response was in excess of 37%, and the total response rate in Student, Parent, and Employee groups was greater than 38% for all categories. It would be less reliable to generalize for Senior Citizens, Businessmen, and Non-Parents, in that order. However, by survey research standards, the response is sufficient to generalize for all categories.

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PRESENTATION TO BOARD OF EDUCATION MAJOR FINDINGS



PRESENTATION TO THE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Major Findings

It is not the purpose of this report to suggest or recommend policy, but rather to provide information to the school community and its elected policy makers, the Board of Education, to assist in their continuing efforts to formulate sound and constructive policy for the benefit of all children served by the Beverly Hills Schools.

The comprehensive data presented in this report is intended to serve as a baseline against which to make subsequent inquiries in particular areas as the need may arise.

Characteristics of Respondents:

- · Relatively stable community
 - 24% were residents for more than 10 years
 - 8% were Beverly High School graduates
 - 9% were parents of a Beverly
 High School graduate



Public Information - Sources and Needs:

mos	t useful-talks with teachers	36%
lea	st useful PTA meetings	7%
wro	te in "child" or "children"	10%
mos	t frequently read newspapers:	
	L. A. Times, Westside Section	87%
	Beverly Hills Courier	5 2%
lea	st read newspaper:	
	Herald Examiner	19%
bes	t source of school information:	#
	L. A. Times, Westside Section	29%
mor	e school information needed:	1
	how to help the child at home and school	44%
	news about Board of Education	4 3%
	counseling and guidance services	40%

Prioritizing Goals and Objectives:

Skill acquisition and factual learning was given top priority:

Math Skills	93%
Communication Skills	. 93%
Reading Comprehension	92%
Oral Expression	92%
Math Application	87%
American History Facts	85%

Educational counseling ranked in the first four along with

Academic Skills and F	acts 83%
and ranked slightly ahead	of
Basic Skills	82%

The middle range included the fostering of

An Approach	to	Education,	Interest	in	
Learning					81%

and

Self-Directed	Learning	71%
Serrenirected	Lear III IIa	/ 1/0

Most of the special programs fell in the lower middle range:

Handicapped	Programs	63%
Classes for	Gifted Students	58%
Classes for	Potential Dropouts	57%



Prioritizing Goals and Objectives: (continued)

The lower range included most of the programs that serve a fewer number of students and are more highly specialized such as:

Art Programs	ě	.•	35%
Media Skills			35%
School Productions			34%

It should be noted that these highly specialized programs, while they serve a fewer number of students, they are extremely important to the clientele that they serve and are an integral part of a comprehensive high school.

A si	milar	trend	toward	skills	and	factual	learning
was	found						//

A similar trend toward skills and factual	learning
was found	//
American History Pacts	1 95%
compared with	il.
Increase Community Involvement	45%
Some exceptions were physical education	
Encourage Sportsmanship	71%
compared with	
Teach Skills and Games	46%
Theater Arts, gain broader understanding t	hrough
Drama	38%
compared with	

24%



Skills in School Productions



Prioritizing Goals and Objectives: (continued)

Music

Develop	Appreciation			5 3%	
	Performing		Reading	Skills	31%

The implications for goal statements which pertain to academic programs and pupil services are quite clear in terms of what respondents want from their school system. The committee involved in this process should be guided by the data.



.Delineating Home and School Responsibilities:

There were three areas that were designated as primarily a responsibility of the home:

	Home
Religious Commitment	80%
Acceptance of Responsibility	66%
Understanding the Importance of Life	65%

This information should guide the district committee which has the continuing responsibility of writing district goals to modify those goal statements that pertain to these areas so that they are stated as primarily a responsibility of the home with the school assisting the implementation.

The following are indicated as equally shared responsibilities between home and school:

Perce	nt	That	Replied
Home	R	espons	sibility

Attitude Toward Sex	55%
Political Philosophy	51%
Loyalty to Democracy	50%
Principles of Health and Safety	50%
Achievement of Goals	50%
Teaching Rights and Responsibilities	
of Citizenship	50%
Learning to Adjust	44%

Goal statements in these areas should be designated as shared responsibilities.



Delineating Home and School Responsibilities: (continued)

Respondents felt that the school has the primary responsibility for the following:

Percent That Replied Home Responsibility

Develop Ability to Make Decisions	38%
Obligations in Society	34%
Determing Career	33%
Desire to Learn	33%
Teach About Religions	28%
Develop Special Interests	24%
Effects of Drugs	24%
Concept of Self Worth	23%
Knowledge of American Heritage	12%

While respondents were limited to the choices presented, these were derived on the basis of frequency of occurrence from goal statements of numerous school districts similar in composition to Beverly Hills. The purpose was to obtain sufficient input to revise and/or formulate goals for this district in these most frequently specified areas.

Areas of Most Agreement - 60% or More	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion
Item 118 - Children get a better education in Beverly	91%	3%	. 3%
Hills	91%	370	3%
<pre>Item 142 - Don't reduce salary levels</pre>	74%	8%	12%
<pre>Ttem 143 - Reduce staff to reduce budget</pre>	13%	68%	13%
<pre>Item 136 - Taxpayers get their</pre>	64%	1.0%	19% ;
Item 130 - The excellence of the teacher is more important in learning than		170/	
class size Item 133 - State should contribut	70% :e	1.7%	_ 5%
half of local school funds	59%	9%	23%

Respondents were quite agreed on the fact that Beverly Hills has a superior school system; further that no budget reductions should be made that would change this quality, and they would want the State to supply half the funds necessary.

They were also agreed that a superior teacher is a more important factor in learning than class size.

Level of Support and Budget Allocations: (continued)

	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion
Less than 60%-Greater than 30%			⊸ .
<pre>Item 139 - Would vote for a tax override</pre>	57%	13%	20%
<pre>Item 129 - School administrators</pre>	52%	11%	28%
<pre>Item 120 - District meets</pre>	59%	18%	15%
Item 122 - Elementary teachers are superior	53%	15%	25%
<pre>Item 124 - Not sufficient access</pre>	16%	52%	2 3%
<pre>Item 135 - Would vote for higher taxes</pre>	55%	19%	. 18%
<pre>Item 1.27 - School administration is interested in what citizens think</pre>	51%	16%	23%
<pre>Item 126 - Board of Education is</pre>	, s 53%	18%	. 23%
Item 121 - District should maintain grooming standards	63%	. 29%	4%
<u>Item 123</u> - High school teachers are superior	47%	13%	33%
Item 125 - School administration give a fair hearing to differing opinions about my child	o 43%	11%	36%

Level of Support and (continued)

Respondent vote for a tax override or increase their taxes to maintain schools.

Administrators give a fair hearing and are interested along with the Board of Education in what citizens thank.

Elementary and high school teachers are superior, however the positive responses for elementary teachers show a slightly larger percentage.

Respondents also think that the district should maintain grooming standards.

Areas of Least Agreement - Less than 30%	Agree	<u>Disagree</u>	No Opinion
<pre>Item 134 - School budget is</pre>	46%	18%	28%
Item 119 - Homework is inadequate	24%	45%	·. 24%
<pre>Item 132 - Nceds of less able</pre>	42%	21%	29%
<pre>Item 131 - College preparation is the main purpose of school</pre>	. : 33%	50%	8%
Item 141 - Curtail special programs to reduce budget	30%	47%	15%
Item 128 - Class size is the most important factor in learning	50%	3 7 %	6%

Level of Support and Budget Allocations: (continued)

Areas of Lea	st Agreement -	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion
Less than 30	<u>%</u>			
				- 3 '
	he student's appear- nce affects his			
s	chool attitude	5 0%	39%	6%
t	rograms which serve he needs of few tudents should be liminated	45%	37%	21% /
s	chool programs hould be determined y local community	40%	32%	1.1%

In relation to programs there was divergence of opinion on whether or not to curtail special and specialized programs, and whether or not school programs should be determined by the plocal community.

Item 134, the wisdom with which the school budget is spent, contrasts sharply with the 93% reply to children in Beverly Hills receive a superior education.

Homework is inadequate and needs of less able students are met.

College preparation is the main purpose of school. Answers here might be based on whether or not the respondent has a college bound student.

Class size is the most important factor in learning.

There were some rather divergent opinions in the various populations sampled, and rather than speculate on reasons for some of the more dichotomous responses, it is more productive to examine the cross-tabulations of these items.



Cross-Tabulations:

Areas of Least Agreement from Linear Data

Item 134 - School budget is spent wisely

Combined Agree 46% Disagree 18%

On TABLE I, note the contrast between the positive responses for Home Owners, Businessmen, and Renters in Items 134 and 136.

T-134 Budget Spent Wisely

Combined Agree Response.

Home Owners Businessman Renters

47% 46% 42%

T-136 We get our money's worth from schools

Combined Agree Response, T-136

81% 78% 81%

The reader is free to speculate on this disparity.

Correlation

T-136 We get our money's worth from schools.

T-139 Would vote for tax override

Combined Agree Responses

Strongly Agree, T-136, T-139 66% Strongly Agree T-136, Agree T-139 84% Agree T-136, Strongly Agree T-139 89%

Areas of Least Agreement from Linear Data

Item 128 - Teacher/pupil ratio (class size) is the most important factor in learning.

Combined Agree

50%

Disagree

37%

On TABLE II, note that businessmen and renters are in more agreement with Item 128, but they each have the greatest percentage of No Opinion.

T-128 Class size is most important factor in learning

Combined Agree Responses

Home Owner	rs Businessmen	Renter	Embrokee	Student
48%	56%	5 7 %	54%	54%
No Opinion				
5%	24%	31%	2%	10%

Compare this with

T-130 The excellence of the teacher is the most important factor in learning -- Linear data

Combined Agree 70%

Disagree 17%

The cross-tab for Item 130 on TABLE II makes a very strong case for the excellence of the teacher being a more important factor in learning than class size.

Combined Agree Responses

Home Owners Businessmen Renter Employee Student
Not
76% 79% 80% Tabulated 75%

Areas of Least Agreement from Linear Data

Combined Agree 50% Disagree 39%

On TABLE III, consistancy is seen for all population groups with the exception of students.

Combined Agree Responses

Home	Business	Renter	Employee	Student	Graduate
Owners	Men .				. //
60%	62%	55%	54%	11%	. // 51% //

There was even stronger agreement in all but the scudent group in Item 121 which states that district should maintain grooming standards.

Combined Agree Responses .

Home Owners	Business Men	Renter	Employee	Student	Graduato
7.3%	78%	75%	72%	1 3%	65%

This is a slight increase in the percentage of positive response to Item 140 in the K-12 progression.

T-14 with 140 T-17 with 140
Parent of K-3 Child Parent of 9-12 Child
Combined Agree 55% Disagree 58%

Areas of Least Agreement from Linear Data

			•	
Combined	Agrec	42%	Disagree	21%

On TABLE IV, the large percentage of No Opinion response would indicate that parents who responded did so on the basis of their own experience. This experience seems to have improved somewhat as the child moves through the grades. However this would seem to be an area for further study.

T-132 The school district provides for the needs of the less academically able.

T-14			\mathbf{T}	-17	
Parent of K-3 Ch	ild	Parent	of	9-12	Child
Combined Agree	48%				48%
Disagree	19%				21%
No Opinion	32%				30%

There is much greater agreement with Item 120 which states that the school program is meeting my child's individual needs in relation to his abilities.

T-14		T-17		
Parent of K-3 Child		Parent of 9-12 Child		
Combined Agree	80%	72%		
Disagree	11%	22%		
No Opinion	4%	4%		

Areas of Least Agreement from Linear Data

Item 131 - The main purpose of the educational program is to prepare my child for college entrance.

Combined Agree 33% Disagree 50%

TABLE V shows that the majority of parents disagree with this statement, which may be rather revealing to those who believe that parents are primarily concerned about college entrance. There is however a 10% increase in agreement as the child moves into the high school.

T-131 with

· T14			Т-	-17	
Parent of K-3 Ch	nild	Parent	οf	9-12	Chila
Combined Agree	30%				40%
Disagree	67%				5 3%
No Opinion	3%				4%



Areas of Least Agreement from Linear Data

Item 138 - Programs which serve the needs of few students and are expensive should be eliminated.

Combined Agree 45% Disagree 37%

Combined Agree 38% Disagree 47%

The <u>Disagree</u> response in TABLE VI shows that in a choice between eliminating programs which are expensive and serve fewer students such as fine arts or physical education programs, or eliminating or curtailing special programs for the handicapped, gifted, potential dropouts, etc., respondents generally feel that this second group of programs is more needed.

T-141

	Home Owners	Business Men	Renter	Employee	Student	Graduate
Disagree	46%	43%	54%	5 3%	59%	46%
No Opinion	16%	20%	18%	7%	16%	12%
T-138				,		
Disagree	35%	33%	47%	42%	45%	27%
No Opinion	22%	27%	29%	10%	20%	18%

The high percentage of <u>No Opinion</u> response would indicate that respondents may not have known what "Special Programs" are or the distinction between the two groups. It should be noted also that the State supplies a portion of funding for Special Programs for students with special needs — educationally handicapped, gifted, potential dropouts, etc. Also, that Adult Education is self sustaining by and large.

Areas of Moderate Agreement from Linear Data

Item 126 - The Board of Education is interested in what the ordinary citizen thinks.

Combined Agree 53% Disagree 18%

Item 127 - The school district administration is interested
 in what the ordinary citizen thinks.

Combined Agree 51% Disagree 18%

TABLE VII shows almost the same response to Item 126 and Item 127 from all population groups.

Ψ-126 °					
•	Home Owners	Business Man	Renter	Employee	Student
Combined Agrce	58%	5 5%	56%	68%	32%
Disagree	17%	18%	13%	16%	31%
No Opinion	22%	25%	29%	15%	32%
T-127	·		•		
Combined Agree	58%	56%	55%	75%	34%
Disagree	17%	18%	13%	1.2%	31%
No Opinion	23%	24%	30%	11%	33%

Notice the increase in Combined Agree with BHUSD Employee. The student group is in much stronger disagreement with both statements as might be anticipated.

Areas of Moderate Agreement from Linear Data

Item 122 - Beverly Hills elementary teachers are superior to teachers in other districts.

Combined Agree 53% Disagree 15%

Combined Agree 47% <u>Disagree</u> 13%

Parents are generally supportive of both elementary and secondary teachers. The percentage of parents who disagree with either or both of these items range between 12% and 17%.

A cross-tabulation was performed for parents only.

T-122 Elementary teachers superior

•	K-3 Parent (4-5 Parent	6-8 Parent	9-12 Parent
Combined Agree	. 67%	66%	66%	54%
Disagree	12%	14%	15%	17%
No Opinion	19%	18%	17%	28%

T-123 Secondary teachers superior

	9-1.2
	Parent
Combined Agree	61%
Disagree	15%
No Opinion	22%

It should be noted in the free response section that there were very pointed and vociferous comments on the points of view expressed in the objective data.

Areas of Moderate Agreement from Linear Data

Item 135 - I would be willing to increase taxes to maintain the present program in Beverly Hills Schools.

TABLE IX shows that a decided majority of taxpayers would increase their tax load to maintain the present level of education in Beverly Hills—if given that opportunity. There is a slight increase in Item 139, the tax everride. It is significant to note that business owners expressed stronger agreement with both items than the other two groups. Note also that while taxpayers are willing to increase their tax load locally, they are equally supportive of Item 133, which states the State should contribute at least half the funds.

Areas of Moderate Agreement from Linear Data

T-135 Would increase taxes.

	Home Owners	Businessmen	Renters
Combined Agree	66%	67%	68%
Disagree	26%	22%	15%
No Opinion	5%	10%	15%
T-139 Would vote for	override.		
Combined Agree	69%	74%	70%
Disagree	20%	16%	10%
No Opinion .			٠
T-133 State should s	upply half the	e funds.	
Combined Agree	66%	. 60%	68%
Disagree	1%	10%	7%
No Opinion	24%	27%	2%

Only 1% of home owners disagreed with Item 133 compared to 10% disagreement for business owners. This may reflect the difference between whether local property taxes or state sales and excise taxes would be depended upon for school support.

Areas of Most Agreement

Combined Agree 8% <u>Disagree</u> 74%

Item 143 - In order to reduce budget, staff should be reduced.

Combined Agree 13% <u>Disagree</u> 68%

TAPLE X shows that of these two statements concerning reducing the budget not more than 4% of any group sampled was in strong agreement. The student group showed the highest percentage of agreement with a 10% response, to Item 142—reduce salaries to reduce budget. Businessmen showed the highest percentage of agreement with 11% response to Item 143—to reduce staff. As could be expected, BHUSD employees showed the highest percentage of disagree with both items.

This data of course reaffirms the previous high percentage of negative responses to questions concerning reduction of programs. While respondents express disagreement with certain programs and policies, they are in strong agreement that they want no fundamental changes in the existing structure and programs of this district.

Combined Agree 91% Disagree 3%

There is no population sample which indicates more than 5% disagreement with this statement.

See TABLE XII.

FINDING3

- I. Characteristics of Respondents
- II. Public Information: Sources and Needs
- III. Prioritizing Program Goals and Objectives
 - IV. Delineating Home and School Responsibilities
 - V. Level of Support and Budget Allocations
 - VI. Free Responses Comments and Suggestions

I. Characteristics of Respondents

FINDINGS

I. Characteristica of Respondents

The identification section of the questionnaire (Items 5-20) revealed the following characteristics of the respondents:

Item 5 - Number of Years Lived in Beverly Hills

	Frequency	Percentage
1 to 2 yrs.	263	0.13
3 to 5 yrs.	381	0.18
6 to 10 yrs.	361	0.17
10 yrs. & over	495	0.24
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	3 238	0.11

Item 6 - Own Home in Beverly Hills

•	Frequency	Percentage
Yes	1018	0.49
No	345	0.17
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	375	0.18

Item 7 - Own Business in Beverly Hills

	Frequency	Percentage
Yes	248	0.12
No	806	0.39
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	684	0.33

Item 8 - Rent Apartment in Beverly Hills

	Frequency	Percentage
Yes	413	0.20
No	691	0.33
Student .	337 🗸	0.16
Number of Non Responses	634	0.31



I. Characteristics of Respondents (continued)

Item 9 - Employed in Beverly Hills

	Frequency	Percentag e
Yes	378	0.18
No	676	0.33
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	684	0.33

Item 10 - Employed by BHUSD

	Frequency	Percentage
Yes	238	0.11
No	815	0.39
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	685	0.33

Item 11 - Student at BHHS

	Frequency	Percentage
Yes .	356	0.17
No	881	0.42
Student	0	0.0
Number of Non Responses	s 838	0.40

Item 12 - Graduate of BHHS

	Frequency	Percentage
Yes ·	168	0.08
No	772	0.37
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	, 798 .	0.38

Item 13 - Moved Primarily for Beverly Hills Schools

	Frequency	Percentage
Yes	1054	0.51
No	305	0.15
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	. 379	0.18



I. Characteristics of Respondents (continued)

Item 14 - Kindergarten thru 3rd Grade

	Frequency	Percentage
One child	367	0.18
2 children	100	0.05
3 children	15	0.01
4 children	0	0.0
More than 4	. 1	0.00
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	1255	0.60

Item 15 - 4th thru 5th Grade

-	Frequency	Percentage
One child	330	0.16
2 children	30	0.01
3 children	8	0.00
4 children	2	0.00
More than 4	0	0.0
Student	331	Ú.16
Number of Non Responses	1368	0.66

Item 16 - 6th thru 8th Grade

	Frequency	Percentage
One child	469	0.23
2 children	92	0.04
3 children	18	0.01
4 children	<u>.</u> 1	0.00
More than 4	້ 0	0.0
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	1158	0.56

Item 17 - 9th thru 12th Grade

	Frequency	Percentage
One child	542	0.26
2 children	154	0.07
3 children	. 27	0.01
4 children	4	0.00
More than 4	1,	0.00
Student .	337 .	0.16
Number of Non Responses	1010	0.49

I. Characteristics of Respondents (continued)

<u>Item 18 - Children - Preschool</u>

	Frequency	Percentage
One child	121	0.06
2 children	17	0.01
3 children	2	0.00
4 children	3	0.00
More than 4	. 0	0.0
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	595	0 77

Item 19 - Children - Graduated from BHHS

	Frequency	Percentage
One child	187	0.09
2 children	86	0.04
3 children	20	0.01.
4 children	5	0.00
More than 4	1	0.00
Student	33/	0.16
Number of Non Responses	1439	0.69

Item 20 - Not Applicable Category

	Frequency	Percentage
Not applicable	198	0.10
Student	337	0.16
Number of Non Responses	1538	0.74

The profile of the typical respondent indicated that he has owned a home in Beverly Hills for more than ten years, is the parent of a high school student and moved into this community primarily because of the school system. It should be noted that this last response was 51%.



II. Public Information: Sources and Needs

FINDINGS

II. Public Information: Sources and Needs

The need was felt to determine from a broad sampling of the community what their sources of information are concerning the schools, and to further determine those specific areas where the need for more information was required. Responses to Items 21-49 are presented to answer those questions.

Item 21 - Newspapers

	Frequency	Percentage
Most Useful	395	0.19
Usually Useful	358	0.17
Useful	377	0.18
Occasionally Useful	391	0.19
Not Heeful	103	0.05
Number of Non Responses	451	0.22

Item 22 - Talks With Teacher

	Frequency	Percentage
Most Useful	741	0.36
Usually Useful	361	0.17
Useful	252	0.12
Occasionally Useful	178	0.09
Not Useful	79	0.04
Number of Non Responses	464	0.22

Item 23 - District Publications

	Frequency	Percentage
Most Useful	346	0.17
Usually Useful	276	0.13
Useful	337	0.16
Occasionally Useful	261	0.13
Not Useful	195	0.09
Number of Non Responses	709	0.34



<u> Item 24 - Newsletters</u>

	Frequency	Percentage
Mcst Useful	297	0.14
Usually Useful	276	0.13
Useful	3 3 7	0.16
Occasionally Useful	261	0.13
Not Useful	195	0.09
Number of Non Responses	709	0.34

Item 25 - Newsettes (PTA)

	Frequency	Percentage
Most Useful	213	0.10
Usually Useful	220	0.11
Useful	320	0.15
Occasionally Useful	286	0.14
Not Useful	311	0.15
Number of Non Responses	725	0.35

Item 26 - PTA Meetings

	Frequency	Percentage
Most Useful	142	0.07
Usually Useful	138	0.07
Useful	196	0.09
Occasionally Useful	313	0.15
Not Useful	. 413	0.20
Number of Non Responses	873	0.42

<u>Item 27 - Others</u>

	Frequency	Percentage
Most Useful	215	0.10
Usually Useful	44	0.02
Useful	25	0.01
Occasionally Useful	13	0.02
Not Useful	45	0.02
Number of Non Responses	1733	0.84



Which newspapers do you read regularly?

Item 28 - Beverly Hills Courier

	. requency	Percentage
Read Regularly	1088	0.52
Number of Non Responses	987	0.48

Item 29 - Beverly Hills Independent

	Frequency	Percentage
Read Regularly	974	0.47
Number of Non Responses	1101	0.53

Item 30 - Beverly Hills Post

	Frequency	Percentage
Read Regularly	450	0.22
Number of Non Responses	1625	0.78 '

Item 31 - Highlights

	Frequency	Percentage
Read Regularly	664	0.32
Number of Non Responses	1411	0.68

Item 32 - Los Angeles Examiner

	Frequency	Percentage
Read Regularly	401	0.19
Number of Non Responses	1674	0.81

Item 33 - Los Angeles Times - Westside Section

	Frequency	Percentage
Read Regularly	1814	0.87
Number of Non Responses	261	0.13



Which is the best source for information about schools?

Item 34 - Beverly Hills_Courier

	Frequency	Percentage
Source Information	509	0.25
Number of Non Responses	1566	0.75

Item 35 - Beverly Hills Independent

	Frequency	Percentage
Source Information	557	0.27
Number of Non Responses	1518	0.73

Item 36 - Beverly Hills Post

	•	Frequency	Percentage
Source	Information	91	0.04
Number	of Non Responses	1984	0 .9 6

Item 37 - Highlights

	Frequency	Percentage
Source Information	411	0.20
Number of Non Responses	1664	0.80

<u>Item 38 - Los Angeles Examiner</u>

		Frequency	Percentage
Source	Information	23	0.01
Number	of Non Responses	2052	0.99

Item 39 - Los Angeles Times - Westside Section

		Frequency	Percentage
Source	Information	605	0.29
Number	of Non Responses	1470	0.71



Where do you need more information?

Item 40 - Subject Taught Grades

	Frequency	Percentage
More Information?	540	0.26
Number of Non Responses	1535	0.74

Item 41 - Counseling Service

	Frequency	Percentage
Mcre Information?	835	0.40
Number of Non Responses	1240	0.60

Item 42 - Grade Homework Policy

	Frequency	Percentage
More Information?	684	0.33
Number of Non Responses	1391	0.67 ,

Item 43 - How Reading, Math, Science, etc. Taught

	Frequency	Percentage
More Information?	423	0.20
Number of Non Responses	1652	0.80

Item 44 - Information Special Class

	Frequency	Percentage
More Information?	386	0.19
Number of Non Responses	1689	0.81

Item 45 - District Financial Status

	Frequency	Porcentage
More Information	474	0.23
Number of Non Responses	1601	0.77



Item 46 - Current News - Board of Education

	Frequency	Percentage
More Information?	890	0.43
Number of Non Responses	1185	0.57

Item 47 - Help at Home and School

	Frequency	Percentage
More Information?	921	0.44
Number of Non Responses	1154	0.56

Item 48 - Child Doing in School

	Frequency	Percentage
More Information?	723	0.35
Number of Non Responses	1352	0.65

Item 49 - Others Specify

•	Frequency	Percentage
More Information?	73	0.04
Number of Non Responses	2002	0.96

Respondents indicated that talks with teachers were their best source of school information with PTA Newsettes being the least used source. It should be noted that of the 10% who indicated some other source as most useful, (Itcm 27) the vast majority of these referred to their children and other children. In the category of print sources, district publications and newspapers accounted for between 15 and 17% of those who found printed material their most useful source.

It is valuable to know when distributing press releases that 87% of respondents regularly read the Westside Section of the Los Angeles Times, followed by the Beverly Hills Courier with 52%. Further, of all newspaper sources, the Times, The Courier, and The Independent are within 5% points in terms of their value as a source of information concerning the schools.



The need for more information, (Items 40-49) indicated that information on what to expect from the child at certain ages and how parents can help at home was the major concern, followed by a need for more information on current Board of Education actions and more information on counseling and guidance services. As might be expected, the need for more information on special classes was expressed least.

III. Prioritizing Program Goals and Objectives

FINDINGS

III. Prioritizing Program Goals and Objectives

The need to develop specific program goals and objectives for the BHUSD was given further impetus by I ssembly Committee Resolution 127, passed in November, 1971, which stated in part "That it is the intent and purpose of the Legislature that teachers, students, administrators, parents, and other community members be given the opportunity to meet together for the purpose of developing educational goals relevant to the instructional program of the schools in their district."

The passage of Assembly Bill 2430 in June, 1970, amended the Education Code so that the Legislature would "set broad, minimum standards and guidelines for educational programs, and to encourage local districts to develop programs that will best fit the needs and interests of the pupils, pursuant to stated philosophy, goals, and objectives," Section 7561, which defines "Philosophy", "Goal", and "Objective" according to the intent of the legislation.

Further impetus to establish educational goals are provided by the requirements of the Stull-Ryan Act and Program Budgeting.

In order to comply with the foregoing, and to serve the expressed needs of this district, tentative district goals were developed in the summer of 1970. ¹A small representative group of students, staff and Board of Education members developed eight goal statements which are reprinted here for the purpose of comparison with the data that is now available in Sections III and IV of this report.

A. Goal Relating to Intellectual Discipline and Awarc as

The District shall provide for the development of ploficiency in academic skills, and the utilization of these skills in the synthesis, application, and evaluation of knowledge.

1. Every learner to reach his full potential in academic areas, and develop specific competencies in skills.



1Program Planning Budgeting System, A Report, July, 1970. 47

- 2. The learner will be helped to develop the ability to learn how to learn.
- 3. The learner will develop self-direction in learning and independent study habits.
- 4. The learner will develop an inquiring mind and a desire to learn.
- 5. The learner will recognize problems and select appropriate methods of solving them.

B. Goal Relating to Economic and Technical Competency

The District shall provide for the development of an intelligent producer and consumer and as a contributing participant to the American economic system.

 The learner will be able to apply his skills and/ knowledges to take a productive role in the society.

C. Goal Relating to Citizenship and Civic Responsibility

The District shall provide for the development of a responsible citizen who is able to adapt to social change and accelerating technology while preserving those principles upon which this country was founded.

- The learner will develop an awareness of ecological balance and the need for its preservation.
- 2. The learner will be equipped to contribute to a world of accelerating technology.
- 3. The learner will gain his rightful place as a fully participating member of society.

D. Goal Relating to Competence in Human and Social Relationships

The District shall provide for the development of a positively involved human being who is competent in his social relationships and is able to contribute to the progress of the human community.



8 4

D. Goal Relating to Competence in Human and Social Relationships (continued)

- 1. The learner will have a commitment to the society.
- The learner will be able to empathize with the needs of others.
- The learner will take responsibility for his fellowmen.
- 4. The learner will have the ability to make wise, just, and courageous decisions.
- The learner will practice the concepts involved in racial, ethnic, and socio-economic integreation.

E. Goal Relating to Ethical Values

The District shall provide for the development of the basic integrity of each individual as well as respect for other people as individuals or groups.

 The learner will have the ability to live in a world with others in a spirit of tolerance and understanding.

F. Goal Relating to Mental and Physical Health

The District shall provide for the development of sound physical and mental health practices.

1. To Be Developed



G. Goal Relating to Self Realization

The District shall provide for the development of an understanding of oneself and an appreciation of his worthiness as a member of society.

- The child will develop as a person with unique distinctions.
- 2. The child will develop a realistic self-image in terms of his unique strengths and limitations.
- 3. The child will develop a positive attitude toward life.
- 4. The child will have an appreciation of his worthiness as a member of society, and a sense of purpose and identity.
- 5. The child will have the ability to deal with psychological tensions.
- 6. The child will have the ability to adapt to change.
- 7. The child will be inner directed.

H. Goal Relating to Aesthetic and Cultural Awareness

The District shall provide for the development of an awareness of the cultural and artistic heritage of mankind leading to creative self-expression and aesthetic appreciation.

- 1. The learner shall be provided the climate for creative self-expression and growth.
- 2. The learner shall develop the skills necessary to express himself in these areas.



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The task then was to ascertain the degree to which the community's expectations and priorities were expressed in these goal statements. Items 50-97 on the questionnaire, which state the goals of each program, were written by staff members in order to make this determination from respondents.

The data presentation below which shows the rank order listing of all educational goals placed emphasis in generally the same areas that were expressed in the 1970 Tentative Goal Statements. The data provides additional confirmation that acquisition of basic skills has been given highest priority by all respondents.

<u>ITEMS</u>	SCALE	
	Not Necessary	Essential
,	0	100
/8 - Skills in Math		93
50 - Fundamental Communication Skills		93
	_ 	92
66 - Understanding Written Material 52 - Oral Expression	L	92 87
79 - Application in Math		87
74 - Facts in American History		85
51 - Communicate Ideas		84
81 - Knowledge of Scientific Facts		83
59 - Counseling for Educational		
Planning		83
62 - Acquisition of Basic Skills		82
60 - Foster an Interest in Learning		81
80 - Meet College Entrance Math		
Requirements		80
61 - Self-Directed Learning		78
69 - Encourage Sportsmanship		_ 71
67 - Appreciation of Literature		71
76 - Today's World Social Science		71
82 - Scientific Procedures		- 65
83 - Interest in Nature		_ 65
70 - Student Physiological	,	6.5
Development	<u></u>	65

ITEMS	SCALE	
	Not Necessary Essential	-
	0	1 00
	<i></i>	
90 - Handicapped Programs	63	
58 - Vocational Planning	63	
95 - Skills for Personal Use	62 ·	
75 - Develop Related Fields of		
Social Science	59 "	
97 - Employable Skills	58 /	
91 - Classes for Gifted Students	58	
92 - Classes for Dropouts	58	
73 - P.E. for Release of Tension	57	
57 - Help with Personal Problems	56	
63 - Understanding Foreign Language	s 55	
68 - Judging Written Materials	55 /	
96 - Exposure to Technical Skills	54	
67 - Music Appreciation	53	
65 - Attitude Towards Foreign		
Languages	48	
71 - Knowledge of Games	46	
77 - Student's Community Involvemen	it 45	
64 - Different Customs and Cultures	44	
94 - Non-English Speaking Students	41	
89 - Concepts in Music	40	
86 - Dramatic Literature	38	
72 - P.E. Skills During Leisure Tim	ne 37	
54 - Develop Taste for Art	36	
53 - Mass Media	36	
55 - Develop Art Media Skills	35	
56 - Develop Fine Works of Art	35	
84 - Taste in Theater Arts	34	
88 - Creative Musical Skills	31	
93 - Adult Education Classes	27	
85 - School Theatrical Productions	24	

What may be equally significant is the comparison of goals within the various academic programs and services as they have been ranked by the respondents.

The chart on the following pages presents the data in this manner.



ITEMS	SCALE	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Not Nec.	
COMMUNICATIONS SKILLS:		
Fundamental Skills, Reading, Writing, Grammar, Punctuation, etc. Communicate Ideas Oral Expression Develop Mass Media Standards	36	93 84 87
ART:		
Develop Taste Develop Skills Develop Knowledge and Understanding	36 35 35	
COUNSELING AND GUIDANCE:		
Help With Personal Problems Provide Vocational Planning Provide Educational Planning	56 63	_83
BASIC EDUCATIONAL GOALS:		
Develop Interest in Learning Encourage Self-Directed Learning Acquisition of Basic Skills	78	31 32
FOREIGN LANGUAGE:		
Understand, Speak, Read, Write Appreciate Customs, Ways of Living Develop Positive Attitude	55 44 48	
READING:		
Develop Skills in Understanding Appreciate Literature Judgment of Written Material	71 55	92



ITEMS	SC	CALE
•	Not Nec.	Essential
PHYSICAL EDUCATION:		
Encourage Sportsmanship Foster Physical Development Teach Skills and Games Teach for Carry Over to Leisure Activities Provide Avenue for Release of Tension	37	71 65 57
SOCIAL STUDIES:		
Facts About American History Knowledge of Humanities/ Related Fields Understanding of Contemporary World Increase Community Involvement	45	85 59 71
MATHEMATICS:		
Fundamental Skills Application in Life Meet College Entrance Requests		93 87 80
SCIENCE:		
Knowledge of Facts and Principles Application of Procedures in Daily Life Interest in Nature & Science		83 65 65
THEATRE ARTS:		
Develop Taste and Selectivity Skills in School Productions Gain Broader Understanding Through Drama'	34 38	



<u>ITEMS</u>	SCALI	<u> </u>
.•	Not Nec.	Essential
	0	100,
MUSIC:		j
Develop Appreciation and Discrimination Develop Performing, Reading Skills Develop Concepts and Understanding	53 31 40	,
SPECIAL PROGRAMS:		<i>i</i>
For the Handicapped For Gifted Students For Potential Dropouts For Adults For Non-English Speaking	28	63 _58 58
JOB SKILLS:		
For Personal Use Exposure to Vocational/Technical Skills Equip With Employable Skills	54	_62

The other choices on this scale in Section E was <u>District</u> to <u>lrovide</u> if <u>Funds Permit</u>. For these responses, the reader is referred to Appendix I.

In summary, the total responses to Essential for District to Provide and Not Necessary for District to Provide indicated that in most academic program areas, the emphasis was placed on skill acquisition and factual learning. In the area of pupil services, highest priority was placed on providing the student with educational planning. This ranked higher than vocational planning and help with personal problems provided by Counseling and Guidance. These responses were consistent with those in the area of job skills. This is also consistent with Goal Statement A.



In the area of Special Programs, classes for the handicapped, the gifted, and for potential dropouts were seen as more important than classes for Non-English speaking and adult education.

The choices that respondents made in this section were from goals of educational programs that are provided in the district. We have a rather clear-cut expression from respondents as to where they placed the emphasis. However, the areas of shared responsibility provided more of a challenge to respondents. These are discussed in the following section.

IV. Delineating Home and School Responsibilities

FINDINGS

IV. Delineating Home and School Responsibilities

In the goal setting process, it is generally acknowledged . that both home and school strive to help the child reach his optimal level in both his own and in society's terms. Because much of the responsibility for this development is shared between home and school, it becomes important to determine from the community where, in its opinion, the major share of the responsibility lies. It is equally important for the school to know those areas where the community feels it has the major responsibility. ²The large number of multiple responses indicated that the areas of self-esteem, learning to accept responsibility for one's actions, developing a desire to learn, etc., which are covered in Items 98-117, were seen as a continuum between home and school. While there is no line of demarcation between where one begins and the other ends, there is still a distinction to be made between who has the primary responsibility, because this is where the ultimate accountability is. The twenty responses are presented in declining order of what respondents considered primarily a responsibility of the home.

Item 117 - Réligious Commitment

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	1656	0.80
School	52	0.03
Undecided	179	0.09
Multiple	31	0.01
Number of Non Responses	157	0.08

Item 113 - Accept Responsibility

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	1364	0.66
School	257	0.12
Undecided	90	0.04
Multiple	277	0.13
Number of Non Responses	87	0.04



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Item 115 - Importance of Life

·	Frequency	Percentage
Home	1347	0.65
School	270	0.13
Undecided	95	0.05
Multiple	270	0.13
Number of Non Responses	93	0.04

Item 107 - Sex Attitude

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	1135	0.55
School	385	0.19
Undecided	119	0.06
Multiple	330	0.16
Number of Non Responses	106	0.05

Item 100 - Political Philosophy

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	1049	0.51
School	484	0.23
Undecided	302	0.15
Multiple	90	0.04
Number of Non Responses	1.50	0.07

Item 101 - Loyalty Democracy

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	1038	0.50
School	54 5	0.26
Undecided	209	0.10
Multiple	136	0.07
Number of Non Responses	147	0.07

Item 106 - Health Principles

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	1034	0.50
School	628	0.30
Undecided.	8 8	0.04
Multiple	216	0.10
Number of Non Responses	109	0.05



Item 105 - Achieve Goals

•	Frequency	Percentage
Home	1032	0.50
School	470	0.23
Undecided	139	0.07
Multiple	347	0.17
Numbe of Non Responses	87	0.04

Item 98 - Rights and Responsibilities

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	1032	0.50
School	662	0.32
Undecided	112	0.05
Multiple	172	0.08
Number of Non Responses	97	0.05

Item 114 - Learning to Adjust

	requency	Percentage
Home	916	0.44
School '	618	0.30
Undecided	1.35	0.07
Multiple	313	0.15
Number of Non Responses	93	0.04

Item 110 - Making Decisions

	Frequency	Per c entage
Home	789	0.38
School	808	0.39
Undecided	108	0.05
Multiple	246	0.12
Number of Non Responses	124	0.06

Item 99 - Obligations in Society

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	708	0.34
School	970	0.47
Undecided,	118	0.06
Multiple	151	0.07
Number of Non Responses	128	0.06



Itcm 104 - Determine Career

•	Frequency	Percentage
Home	681	0.33
School	861	0.41
Undecided	178	0.09
Multiple	236	0.11
Number of Non Responses	119	0.06

Item 103 - Desire to Learn

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	679	0.33
School	941	0.45
Undecided	94	0.05
Multiple	268	0.13
Number of Non Responses	93	0.04

Item 116 - Major Religions

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	572	0.28
School '	1169	0.56
Undecided	129	0.06
Multiple	107	0.05
Number of Non Responses	98	0.05

Item 109 - Develop Special Interests

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	502	0.24
School	1089	0.52
Undecided	101	0.05
Multiple	274	0.13
Number of Non Responses	109	0.05

Item 108 - Effects of Drugs

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	506	0.24
School	916	0.44
Undecided,	142	0.07
Multiple	402	0.19
Number of Non Responses	1.09	0.05



Item 102 - American Heritage

·	Frequency	Percentage
Home	251	0.12
School	1484	0.72
Undecided	97	0.05
Multiple	114	0.05
Number of Non Responses	129	0.06

Item_lll - Memorize Information

•	Frequency	Percentage
Home	135	0.07
School	1461	0.70
Undecided	194	0.09
Multiple	85	0.04
Number of Non Responses	200	0.10

Item 112 - Locate Information

	Frequency	Percentage
Home	92	0.04
School '	1684	0.81
Undecided	51	0.02
Multiple	120	0.06
Number of Non Responses	128	0.06

Looking at the data in another way, the items that showed the greatest percentage of multiple and undecided response, and where opinion seems to be most equally divided, would appear to be those areas of most equally shared responsibility between home and school as indicated by all respondents in the data below.

Item 105 - Concep. of Self-worth and Goal Achievement

	Frequency	Percentage
School	470	0.23
Home	1032	0.50
Undecided	139	0.07
Multiple	347	0.3.7
Number of Non Responses	² 87	0.04

Item 107 - Healthy Attitude Toward Sex

•	Frequency	Percentage
School	385	0.19
Home	1135	0.55
Undecided	119	0.06
Multiple	330	0.16
Number of Non Responses	106	0.05

Item 114 - Learning to Adjust and Get Along With Others

	Frequency	Percentage
School	613	0.30
Home	916	0.44
Undecided	135	0.07
Multiple	313	0.15
Number of Non Responses	93	0.04

Item 100 - Develop the Student's Political Philosophy

	Frequency	Percentage
School	484	0.23
Home '	1049	0.51
Undecided	302	0.15
Multiple	90	0.04
Number of Non Responses	150	0.07

Item 101 - Develop Loyalty to Democratic Ideals

	Frequency	Percentage
School	545	0.26
Home	1038	0.50
Undecided	209	0.10
Multiple	136	0.07
Number of Non Responses	147	0.07

Item 106 - Principles of Health and Safety

	Frequency	Percentage
School	628	0.30
Home	1034	0.50
Undecided,	' 88	0.04
Multiple	216	0.10
Number of Non Responses	109	0.05



Item 98 - Right and Responsibilities in Society

	Frequency	Percentage
School	662	0.32
Home	1032	0.50
Undecided	112	0.05
Multiple	172	0.08
Number of Non Responses	· 97	0.05

It can be seen then that seven of these twenty items, or approximately 1/3, showed the greatest number of multiple responses, as well as the most divergent opinion as to where the primary responsibility for development lies. To recapitulate, these included:

- . Development of Self-worth and Confidence in Ability to Achieve Goals
- . Development of a Healthy Attitude Toward Sex
- . Learning to Cot Along With Others and to Adjust Successfully to a Variety of Situations
- . Development of Political Philosophy
- . Development of Loyalty to our Democracy
- Understanding and Practicing the Principles of Health and Safety
- . Understanding of Rights and Responsibilities of Individuals in our Society

Respondents have designated the home as having primary responsibility in these three areas:

- . Accepting Responsibilities for One's Own Actions
- . Development of a Religious Commitment
- . Enhancing the Student's Feeling of the Importance of Life and Living

Insofar as the school's having the primary responsibility, the ten areas including:

- . Locating Information
- . Memorizing Information
- . Understanding the American Heritage
- . Teaching the Effect of Drugs
- . Developing the Child's Special Interests

- . Teaching About Major Religions
- . Developing a Desire to Learn
- . Determining Careers
- . Teaching Obligations to the Society
- . Developing the Ability to Make Decisions

and in that order, respondents felt the school has the major share of responsibility. It should be noted that 75% of all respondents were from the community, and that of these, approximately 60% were from parents.

The main purpose here was to make determinations from the community, and in view of the high percentage of community response, no cross tabulations were performed.

The implications for educational goals for this school district would appear to be first, that in the areas of sex education, development of a political philosophy, loyalty to the democracy, principles of health and safety, concept of self-worth and confidence, rights and responsibilities of citizens, and ability to get along with others and adjust, that these are guite definitely shared responsibilities and should be so stated in Goals III, IV, V, VI, and VII.

A District Steering Committee, which was initiated during the 1971-72 school year, had as one of its primary responsibilities the drafting of district goals for presentation and adoption by the Board of Education. The information presented in Sections III and IV should serve as a resource guide in the completion of this task.



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V. Level of Support and Budget Allocations

FINDINGS

V. Level of Support and Budget Allocations

As might be expected from the sensitive nature of the questions asked, this part of the questionnaire elicited more divergent opinions and was the source of most of the comments by respondents in the free-response section. There are any number of ways to display the resultant data and a variety of statistical techniques that could be applied. The major considerations in handling this data were visibility and ease in understanding.

In the first display, the data are arranged from areas of greatest agreement to areas of greatest divergence of opinion from all respondents to Items 118 through 143.

Please note that <u>Strongly Agree</u> and <u>Agree</u> responses have been combined. Refer to Appendix I for this breakdown.

Areas of Most Agreement - 60% or More	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion
<pre>Item 118 - Children get a better</pre>	91%	3%	3%
<pre>Item 142 - Don't reduce salary levels</pre>	74%	8%	12%
<pre>Item 143 - Reduce staff to reduce budget</pre>	13%	68%	13%
<pre>Item 136 - Taxpayers get their</pre>	64%	10%	19%
Item 130 - The excellence of the teacher is more important in learning than class size	70%	17%	5%
,	8	• •	5,5





V. Level of Support and Budget Allocations (continued)

Areas of Most Agreement -	Agree	<u>Disagree</u>	No Opinion
<pre>Item 133 - State should co</pre>		9%	23%
Areas of Moderate Agreemen Less than 60%-Greater than			,
<pre>Item 139 - Would vote for tax override</pre>	z. 57%	13%	20%
<pre>Item 129 - School administ:</pre>	im-	11%	28%;
<pre>Item 120 - District meets</pre>		18%	15%
<pre>Item 122 - Elementary teach</pre>	hers 53%	15%	25%
Item 124 - Not sufficient a to teacher for mation		52%	2 3%
<pre>Item 135 - Would vote for higher taxes</pre>	55%	19%	18%
<pre>Item 127 - School administr is interested in citizens think</pre>	n what	16%	2 3%
Item 126 - Board of Educat: is interested in citizens think		18%	2 3%
<pre>1tem 121 - District should tain grooming st ards</pre>		29%	4%

V. Level of Support and Budget Allocations (continued)

	oderate Agreement - 60%-Greater than 30%	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion
<u>Item 123</u> -	High school teachers are superior	47%	13%	33%
<u>Item 125</u> -	School administration give a fair hearing t differing opinions about my child		11%	36%
Areas of L Less than	east Agreement - 30%			
<u>Item '34 -</u>	School budget is spent wisely	46%	18%	28%
<u>Item 119</u> -	Homework is inadequate	24%	45%	24%
<u>Item 132</u> -	Needs of less able students are met	42%	21%	29%
<u>Item 131</u> -	College preparation is the main purpose of school	33%	50%	8%
<u>Item 141</u> -	Curtail special programs to reduce budget	30%	47%	15%
<u>Item 128</u> -	Class size is the most important factor in learning	50%	3 7 %	6%
<u>Item 140</u> -	The student's appearance affects his school attitude	50%	39%	6%
<u>Item 138</u> -	Programs which serve the needs of few stu- dents should be elim- inated	45%	37%	21%
<u>Item 137</u> -	School programs should be determined by local community	40%	32%	11%

FINDINGS

V. Level of Support and Budget Allocations

Cross-Tabulations

The determinations as to which cross-tabulations would be most relevant were made by the committee of staff members which included the P.P.B.S. Task Force. It was considered appropriate to cross-tabulate all of the items in Section 118-143 pertaining to level of support and budget allocations. These items were cross-tabbed with population information pertaining to relationship with BHUSD, (Items 6-12) and with grade placement of child or children (Items 14-19).

- Item 118 Better Education in Beverly Hills

- Item 140 Student Appearance Affects School Attitude
- Item 142 Reduce Salaries to Reduce Budget
- Item 143 Reduce Staff to Reduce Budget

The following items were cross-tabulated with parent replies to grade placement only (Items 14-19).

- Item 119 Homework is Inadequate
- Item 120 Individual Needs Are Served
- Item 122 Elementary Teachers Are Superior
- Item 125 School Administration Gives a Fair Hearing
- Item 131 College Preparation is the Main Purpose of School



V. Level of Support and Budget Allocations

Cross-Tabulations (continued)

The items below were cross-tabulated only with Items 6-12 which referred to the respondent's relationship with Beverly Hills Schools.

Ttem	132	Needs	of	Slower	Students	Are	Met

- Item 121 Grooming Standards
- Item 126 Board of Education is Interested in What Citizens Think
- Item 136 Taxpayers Get Their Money's Worth From Schools
- Item 133 The State Should Contribute Half of School Funds
- Item 134 The School Budget is Spent Wisely
- Item 135 Would Increase Taxes to Maintain Schools
- Item 137 Local Community Should Determine School Programs
- Item 138 Eliminate Expensive Programs to Cut Budget
- Item 139 Would Vote For Tax Override

Finally, for verification purposes, items that were similar or that were expected to be correlative were cross-tabulated.

Verification Items	Correlation Items	
103-105	118-136	136-139
105- 57	120-134	141-134
114- 57	122-142	141-135
121-140	123-143	141-139
125-129	126-134	142-134
138-141,	127-137	142-135
	130-128	
	1.30-142	

V. Level of Support and Budget Allocations

Cross-Tabulations (continued)

Those cross-tabulations that were significant to the degree that they indicated differing opinion among the groups sampled, or which may have answered particular concerns, are discussed here. The reader is referred to Appendix I for the complete data. In reading the cross-tab print-out, Appendix I, note that only those respondents who answered both questions were included in the cross-tabulation.

The cross-tabulation between Item 118 and 6 reads: T-Item 118
T-Item 6

Better Education in Beverly Hills With Own Home

	Yes (Home Owner) No(Non-Owner)
Strongly Agree	618 (0.50)	224 (0.18)
Agree	312 (0.51)	35 (0.15)
Disagree	33 (0.46)	12 (0.17)
No Opinion	23 (0.35)	10 (0.15)

This means that 658 homeowners, or 50% of those respondents who answered "Strongly Agree" to Children in Beverly Hills Get a Better Education, also identified themselves as homeowners in Item 6. Because of the relationship that the percentage expresses, it is confusing in understanding the data. For the purpose of analysis, it is more clear to add all homeowners' responses and arrive at percentages for each of the categories.

T-6 Home Owners and T-118 Children Get a Better Education in Beverly Hills

Strongly Agree	62%
Agree	3.%
Disagree	3%
No Opinion	2%



V. Level of Support and Budget Allocations

Cross-Tabulations (continued)

In this way, we can see that 93% of homeowners believe that children in Beverly Hills receive a better education than children in most other cities in California.

Only the positive identifications were considered as respondents in other categories would have identified themselves there. This information has been charted on the following pages.

Cross-tabulations are analyzed in the section of the report titled, <u>PRESENTATION TO THE BOARD OF EDUCATION</u>: Major Findings.



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T-134

The school district budget is spent wisely for the benefit of all students.

,	T-6 Home Owner	T-7 Business Man	T-8 Renter	T-10 Work for S BHUSD	T-11 Student
Strongly Agree	۲۱ می ده ۱۲ م	103	148	173	12%
Agree	36%	36%	38%	473	
Disagree	178	1.63	12%	27%	33%
No Opinion	33%	35%	34%	78	31%

T-136

As taxpayers we get our money's worth for dollars we invest in schools in Beverly Hills.

	٠			
T-8 Renter	35%	468	48	13%
T-7 Business	34%	443	13%	78
T-6 Nome Owner	333	48%	317	7&
	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	No. Opinion

T-136 and T-139 Correlation

As taxpavers we get our money's worth for dollars we invest in schools in Beverly Hills. I would vote for a tax override to maintain the present level of programs in Beverly Hills Schools. T-136 T-139

70000	TTO OCHOOTS.			
	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion
Strongly Agree	375(0.66)-668	103(0,19)	25(0.04)	41(0.07)
Agree	135(0.17)-23%	369(0.48)	128(0.17)	107 (0.14)
Disagree	31(0,15)- 58	36(0.18)	86(0,43)	34(0.17)
No Opinion	42(0.11)- 78	67(0.17)	28(0.07)	236 (0.61)

TABLE :

Teacher/pupil ratio (class size) is the most important factor in learning.

	T-6 Home Owner	r-7 Business Man	r-8 Renter	T-10 Work for BHUSD	T-11 Student	T-12 Graduate
Strongly Agree	218	10%	118	26%	22%	
Agree	27%	468	\$9 †	28%	32%	
Disagree	468	18%	13%	418	35%	
No Opinion	5%	248	31%	28	10%	

T-130

size

დ %
4.8
48
4 %
No Otinion

TABLE IN

T-121

It is appropr te for the district to maintain dress and grooming standards.

	T-6 Hone Owner	T-7 Business Man	E.	T-9 Work in BH	T-10 Work for BHUSD	T-11 Student	T-12 Graduate
Strongly Agree		438	39%	43%	36%	4%	30%
Agree	378	35%	36%	36%	36%	& O	35%
Disagree	20%	178	19%	. 16%	23%	%08	29%
No Opinion	3%	28	89	۳ پ	48	& 5	48
T-140							

A student's appearance affects his attitude toward school.

['] 6	T-6	T-7	& - [-+	T-10	T-11	T-12
64	Home Owner	Business Man	Renter	Work for BHUSD	Student	Graduate
Strongly Agree	. 25%	29%	25%	20%	4	25%
Agree	35%	. 33%	30%	348	78	26%
Disagreé	32%	31%	37%	30%	818	40%
No Opinion	89	89	%9	4%	%	% &
with child in grades	des					
	T-14 K-3	T-17 9-12		-		
Strongly Agree	22%	27%				
Эдхөө	33%	31%	-			
Disagree	34%	34%				
No Opinion	78	89				

TABLE (II

The school discrict provides for the needs of the less academically able. with child in grades

	T-14 K-3	T-17 9-12
Strongly Agree		80
Agree	448	40%
Disagree	19%	218
No Opinion	328	30%

T-120

The school program is meeting my child's individual needs in relation to his abilities.

with child in grades

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	T-14 K-3	T-17 9-12
Strongly Agree	22%	25%
Agree	588	478
Disagree	118	228
No Opinion	Q. A.	48

TABLE IV

T-131

The main purpose of the educational program is to prepare my child for college entrance.

T-17 9-12	13%	27%	53%	48
T-14 K-3	12%	18%	. 678	ಹ
with child in grades	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion

4%

′,

ERIC*

T-138

There are educational programs that should be eliminated because they are too expensive and serve only the needs of a few students.

	T-6 Home Owner	T-7 Business Man	T-8 Renter	T-10 Work for BHUSD	T-11 Student	T-12 Graduate
Strongly Agree		12%	<i>و</i> ده	13%	11%	13%
Agree	28%	26%	20%	33%	20%	278
Disagree	35%	33%	408	428	458	33%
No Opinion	228	278	29%	10%	208	18%

T-141

In order to reduce the budget, special programs should be curtailed or eliminated.

T-12 Graduate	%9	348	46%	12%
T-11 Student	58	17%	59%	16%
T-10 Work for BHUSD	10%	28%	53%	78
T-8 Renter	73	28%	54%	18%
T-7 Business Man	ಳು	278	438	20%
T-6 Home Ovner	% %	29%	46%	16%
	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion

TABLE VI

T-126

The Board of Education is interested in what the ordinary citizens think.

	7-6 Home Owner	T-7 Business Nan	T-8 Renter	T-10 Work for BHUSD	T-11 Student
Strongly Agree	12%	10%	11%	20%	7%
Agree	46%	45%	45%	48%	25%
. Disagree	178	18%	13%	%9T	31%
No Opinion	22%	25%	29%	15%	32%

T-127

thool distr	ict administration is interested in what the ordinary citizens	n is interest	ed in what	the ordinary	citizens
think.					
	T-6	T-7	T-8		T-11
	Home	Business	Renter	ΣC	Student
	Owner	Man		BHUSD	
,					
Strongly Agree	11%	10%	118	22%	7%
() () ()	977	٥ •	0,7	600	7
99 T 65	1, 6	© O	φ τ τ	% C C	ç / 7
Disagree	17%	% % %	13%	12%	31%
, i				• •) -
No Opinion	23%	24%	30%	11%	33%

TABLE VII

T-122

Beverly Hills elementary teachers are superior to teachers in other districts. with child in grades

	T-14 K-3	T-15	T-16 6-8	T-17 9-12
Strongly Agree	25%	25%	27%	21%
Agree	42%	418	. 39%	33%
Disagree	128	14%;	15%	17%
noiniqo cN	19%	18%;	17%	28%

T-123

Beverly Hills secondary teachers are superior to teachers in other districts.

with child in grades

	T-17
	9-12
Strongly Agree	24%
Agree	378
Disagree	15%
No Opinion	22%

TABLE VIII

Average vi

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Parentary

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T-120

The school program is meeting my child's individual needs in relation to his abilities.

with child in gradus

	T-14 K-3	T-15	T-16 6-8		T-1
Strongly Agree	22%	20%	22%		2
Адгее	58%	52%	52%	•	4
Disagree	11%	. 22%	218		22
No Opinion	4.00	4 2	48		,

82

TABLE : X

T-133

The State of California should contribute at least half of the funds required to support local school districts.

	T-6 Hcme Owner	T-7 Business Man	T-8 Renter
Strongly Agree	33%	318	368
Agree	33%	29%	32%
Disagree	୫ ୮	10%	7%
No Opinion	24%	27%	2%

T-135

I would be willing to increase taxes in order to maintain the present program in Beverly Hills Schools.

Strongly Agree	Jouno Hoine Own Joung	T-7 Business Man	T-8 Renter
	34%	0 8 0 8 0 8	37%
Disagree	26%	22%	15%
No Opinion	റ	10%	15%

83,1

T-139

I would vote for a tax override to maintain the present level of programs in Beverly Hills Schools.

	7-8	Renter		32%	38%	10%	18%
	T-7	Business	Man	38%	368	16%	98
. ST. S.		Home	Owner	36%	33%	20%	& %
DEVELLY DILLES SCHOOLS				Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion

TABLE X

T-142

In order to reduce the budget, present salary .evels should be reduced.

	T-6 Home Owner	T-7 Business Nan	T-8 Renter	T-10 Work for BHUSD	T-11 Student	T-12 Graduate
Strongly Agree	8	28	ь С	ტი M	4 .%	% M
Agree	ಬ	% N	4,	%	108	M %
Disagree	82%	8 9 8	79%	918	61%	878
No Òpinion	10%	တ ဇ၈	12%	3%	23%	ر س

1-143

847°

In order to reduce the budget, staff should be reduced.

				, ,	1	•
	9-,T,	/	∞ .	0T - I	T-11	T-12
	Home	Business	Renter	Work for RHISD	Student	Graduate
		ii pi		200112		
Strongly Agree	м %	% %	% %	4%	4. %	4%
Agree	12%	118	%	ω %	<i>و</i> %	12%
Disaçree	718	% 89 %	78%	808	6 5%	73%
No Opinion	128	118	118	ν. %	19%	о %

Children in Beverly Hills are getting a better education than children in most cities in California.

	•	T-6	T-7	T-8	T-9	T-10	T-11	T-12
		Home Ow ne r	Business Man	Renter	Work in BH	Work for BHUSD	Student	Graduate
	Strongly Agree	62%	62%	65%	63%	60%	5 68	819
	Agree	31%	30%	2000	28%	32%	32%	30%
,	Disagree	က %	% %	38°	%	₩ 0/3	. 5%	₩
	No Opinion	2%	3%	. 28	22	& &	. 28	ιU %
	with child in grades	ωl						
85		T-14 K-3	T-15 4-5	T-16 6-7	T-17 9-12	T-18 Pre-school	T-19 Child graduated	ed G
	Strgly Agree	65%	65%	829	648	809	583	٥,
73	Agree	30%	29%	27%	30%	33%	348	
	Disagree	m %	წ რ	2%	%	28	% Y	
	No Opinion	1%	C7 %	ф Н	% H	က	% M	

TABLE XII

VI. Free Response: Comments and Suggestions

FINDINGS

VI. COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS

The relatively high percentage of questionnaires that were returned with comments indicated that respondents welcomed the opportunity to express their opinions on all aspects of the operation of the school district as well as on the quality and potential usefulness of the questionnaire itself. Most of the comments were expressed anonymously as was the intent, however, approximately 50 were signed and some 15 enclosed additional letters with their questionnaires to express themselves more fully. Among this last group was a retired Beverly Hills Municipal Court Judge. All of the original data will be kept on file.

From comparison with the objective data, it can be seen that there is no particular correlation between this data and the volume and frequency of the free response items. However, categories of free response items were established on the basis of frequency and volume with representative samplings of directly quoted comments all presented here.

The free response comments are presented in three groups; Community (parent and non-parent indicated), employees; and students.



³See Page 5.

VI. COMMUNITY COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS

Attitude Toward Questionnaire (100)

23 persons made a favorable comment about the questionnaire and liked the idea of a periodic survey. 8 respondents thought the entire thing was a waste of time and money. 69 people noted that certain questions were ambiguous or otherwise difficult to answer, with the vast majority citing Section F for not having another category for home/schcol "shared" responsibilities in regard to certain attitudes to be developed (i.e. patriotism, self-esteem, etc.)

"I would like to receive a copy of the results of this survey, which I believe is a very constructive concept. I hope that the Board of Education pays careful attention to the results." PARENT

"Dear Mr. Malin - This is the most interesting survey I have ever seen and read. It is a terrific idea, and merits good results, particularly from young parents. Am writing this on an airplane enroute to New Orleans for a Holiday." NON-PARENT

"Board of Education should send home a blank page for comments like this at least twice a year. You need current feedback." PARENT

"Excellent questionnaire." PARENT

"Many of the questions could not be answered as you requested." PARENT

"There are many goals for children in which school and home <u>chare</u> the responsibility. It is neither the primary responsibility of one or the other but <u>both</u>!" NON-PARENT

"Many of these questions are much too complex to be answered with a yes or no answer." PARENT

"Section F. questions are orly frame. Most of these responsibilities must be shared." PARENT

"Complete waste of time and money." NON-PARENT

"These questions are a laughable matter." PARENT

"This is a loaded questionnaire. I strongly disapprove of this means of surveying the community on Serrano. Should cut-backs become necessary, I would suggest that the elaborate inter-school sports program might be trimmed, along with some of the drama programs. However, my major resentment is at the means Administration and Board are using to whip up the Community. Our children are being instructed, 'Thou shalt remain privileged no matter what'." PAPENT



ttitude Toward Beverly Hills Schools (101)

83 people specifically noted that they were pleased with the schools, while 18 made unfavorable comments.

"A good system without experimenting too much with unknown theories. Programs seem to be somewhat tested before adopted at BH schools which is a good situation perhaps experimentation belongs in the University elementary laboratories." PARENT

'I moved back to Bev. Hills because I was an elementary teacher for the Los Angeles Schools and I believe that standards of education in Bev. Hills are superior." PARENT

"The Beverly Hills schools are even ahead and beyond what I had heard and expected them to be." PARENT

"Since moving to the Beverly Hills area, specifically for the school system, we realized how inadquate the L.A. school system is." PARENT

"Although I did not move to B.H. because of the schools I have remained here because of them." PARENT

"It is the greatest school system in the nation. Keep up the great work and always keep the standards in every department high." PARENT

"I am thrilled with the change in my eight year old since leaving, L.A.'s Third Street school and upon entering Deverly Vista." PARENT

"The B.H. School Dist. is one that all others would like to equal. Their methods are excellent and they should fight to maintain the same' standards as in the past." NON-PARENT

"I am more than satisfied and would do whatever I can to maintain this quality of excellence we have here in Boverly Hills." PARENT

"At all levels Beverly Hills Unified School District 'employees' CARE about the students and the community." PARENT

"Excellent schools!" PARENT

"Our schools are doing a good job." P/RENT

"I feel fortunate (and feel my children have been fortunate) to have had the benefits of a superior education in a district that cares about education and the student." PARENT

"In general we have been dissatisfied with the B.H. school district. We moved here for the schools, at a certain sacrifice and find the schools notoriously "average" - like any other public school. "PARENT

"The schools are vastly overrated." PARENT

"Having had experiences in schools in the East, I feel they are far above our standards in Beverly Hills." PARENT

Vote: Undoubtedly many of the positive statements reflect satisfaction with the teachers. This should be kept in mind when reviewing the next category.



Attitude Toward the Quality of Teachers in General (60)

22 unfavorable comments were made about the quality of teachers in general, citing most often inflexibility and insensitivity, while 6 specifically lauded the teachers. 15 attacked tenure in some way, saying in effect "keep the good teachers but get rid of the poor ones." Replies to the effect that there were both good and bad teachers were not tallied. Lack of <u>direct</u> teacher/student/parent communication was listed 17 times, with the majority of concerns directed at high school teachers.

"Equipment doesn't substitute for teaching excellence and there are far too many ordinary teachers in the system." PARENT

"I was shocked at the calibre of teachers when we moved here. They have a very impersonal feeling about the children." PARENT

"My youngest child has never had anything other than mediocre or poor teaching in 9 years." PARENT

"If a teacher such as (name edited), is allowed to instruct, due to his seniority, then there is something wrong with that system and that is a waste of taxpayers money. Why should children be bored and have such an intense dislike for a teacher. This seems to be a serious consensus of opinion that the staff is aware of and does nothing about." PARENT

"My only complaint in all of these years is the tendency to protect teachers who are rigid and inflexible and in ist on teaching in the old 'rote' style." PARENT

"Efforts should be made to eliminate tenure so that life time contracts with incompetents are no longer made." PARENT

"I strongly suggest that the Beverly Hills School District regularly review the results, methods, and abilities of its teaching staff (by way of testing, grading by students and parents) and get rid of those teachers, regardless of tenure, who are not teaching. PARENT

"In six years I have found most teachers unwilling to spend five minutes per month to confer with parents." PAREN1

"There is very little relationship between teacher and student and especially teacher and parent." PARENT

"The things I like are the class size - the interest and enthusiasm of most of the teachers and students and the feeling that I have, in a district of this size, a say in overall school policy." PARENT

"The personal interest and attention which the teachers and administrators are able to give each child is lemarkable." PARENT

"Teachers are sensitive and aware of each child as an individual." PARENT

Attitude Toward Taxes (56)

29 respondents said they were willing to "pay" to maintain the excellence of the schools. Of these, some made the comment to "do whatever needs to be done to maintain quality." Another 12 people, however, reported that their taxes were high enough now or too high. 15 other people noted that some type of tax reform had to be accomplished, but generally insisted on maintaining a good program.

Note: Lince this area should be of substantial interest to members of the staff and the Board of Education, I have included more comments than for other categories.

"We strongly support a dynamic and vibrant and current school program and are willing to pay for such." PARENT

"We are in favor of a tax increase to keep our schools at a level of excellence. Education is one of the best ways to insure society in the future." PARENT

"I would be for a tax increase, only if the tax money is used exclusively for Beverly Hills Schools and no other schools." PARENT

"If necessary, we should pay additional taxes to maintain the high level of education in Bev. Hills. In a wealthy area like ours, it would be shameful if we let our students take the brunt of the loss of funds in our district through the redistribution of taxes." PARENT

"We wish to maintain its (school district) present character even if it costs a little more to do so. We (?) that no cutbacks be made; we would rather pay more taxes (we do anyway)!"

PARELL

"I would be quite willing to double my property tax to maintain or improve the school systems. If the system loses its excellence, I plan to move out of the city and send my children to private school?" $_{\rm PARIMT}$

"Tax override to maintain our schools is essential." PARENT

"With regard to the current statewide financial problem for schooling: I would suggest that Beverly Hills create a large physic 1, Performing and Cultural Arts Center, funded by the City. Thereby allowing the state funds to go directly to academic programs. Then, split the sessions, sending children & days to the Center and half days to school - so that some way we do not lose what we have moved to B.H. for." PARENT

"I strongly urge that everything possible should be done, including the raising of taxes to maintain this quality. I feel this way despite the fact that three of my four youngsters are already of post-high school age, and the fourth will be entering 11th grade." PARENT

"Raise the taxes - maintain our high scholastic standards." PARENT



Attitude Toward Taxes (56) - Continued

"I would support any program recommended by the district to maintain the schools excellence, to the extent that I would be villing, as a parent, to pay special taxes or tuition, if you prefer to call it that, in order to support the district in its efforts. I would not hesitate to pay special fees to see the foreign language program continued, also special training in music, art, and drama." PARENT

"Important to maintain quality education." PARENT

"P.S. Yes, we will pay through the nose to retain the educational advantages ... the alternatives are very depressing!" parent

"I have seen the de astating effects of education because of lack of funds. I would not hesitate to give my services and support to a foundation to raise funds for our schools if our crisis must resolve in that way. We must not lose our excellent educational system." PARENT

"For heaven's sake, spend more, not less, I am willing to work an extra hour each day to increase the school budget. Please, let our school chrive - our city streets go a little longer without repair, Pay the teachers - and less money for welfare. Revard the educator not the dropout!" FARENT

"one of the things which makes Beverly Hills outstanding, is its school system. We must do everything to keep these standards. I believe if the standards drop - so will property values." PARLNT

"I don't want to pay more taxes but I will - if it's for education." $_{\rm PARENT}$

"I believe that the Serrano decision was eminently <u>fair</u> (B.H. nas everything many children have <u>no</u> real educational opportunities). I do not believe B.H. <u>must</u> lower their educational standards and practices as a result of this decision." PARESTE

"Let's keep up with what we already have but without increased taxes to home owner." PARENT

"My taxes now for the school district are ridiculously high." PARENT

"Our property taxes are exorbitant compared to the taxes in other fine school districts across the nation." PARENT



Attitude Toward Taxes (56) - Continued

"School administrators and members of the Board of Education should study our archaic tax structure. There is no basis in logic or equity for an ad valorem tax on real estate at such rates as to cover a high percentage of our local government expenses. As an aftermath of recent court action some people including some school administrators are foolishly advocating a state tax on real estate. The owners of real estate should pay taxes in a sufficient amount to pay for the services which are endered to real estate. All of us, including property owners, should through other forms of taxation pay the other expenses of government including education." PARENT

"My (?) indicate unhappiness about <u>TAXES</u> - mine have increased 50% in two years. Unfortunately, this affects schools. Answer: Since property taxes are now confiscatory - find other sources for our schools!" PARENT

"Other sources than property taxes should be implemented when keeping up the schools. I am against increasing tax property when other sources could be implemented." PARENT

"If we are short of funds the community should request help from the federal government, perhaps they could find a few million from "War" tavor! The individual is being over taxed right now." PARENT

"Be wise enough to find a way to get the funds from the State and Gov. and not from the property owner."



Attitude Toward Program Emphasis (38)

ll people commented that the district's programs in general are not geared enough toward the average child. 2, however, knocked the program because it was geared to the average and not to the more intellectual. 8 called for a stronger emphasis on the "basics." 8 wanted greater discipline; 3 said there was too much discipline. 5 indicated too much rote memorization work.

"I feel that there is too much emphasis put on enrichment programs for gifted students...Since most of the students fall, by mere definition of the work, into the 'average' category, that should be the main focus." PARENT

"A mandatory program should be in force always for the less academically able students." p_{ARENT}

"There is too little concern for the underachiever and no special efforts made to tap their potential. They obviously need more help than the highly motivated academically oriented child - for whom Beverly's program is geared, and they do not represent the largest number but rather a minority of the student body." PARENT

"The school (BHHS) caters to the very bright, motivated child and the unmotivated ones just seem to wander. Too much freedom of choice. No parent communication." pageng

"I still get the impression that learning is goared to the medium or average student and the very bright or very slow child is at a disadvantace." PARENT

"Beverly Hills does not offer anything to challenge and stimulate the intellectually capable student."

"The main problem with the Beve ly Hills School District educational system is the extremely weak foundation the children receive in the basic skills." PARENT

"Basic skills, reading 'riting' rithmetic should be taught at school. Value judgements on life and living should be learned at home." PARENT

"Tighten up on discipline." PARENT

"There is not enough freedom." PARENT



Attitude Toward BHHS Student Appearance (24)

21 respondents mentioned the "disgusting" appearance of the high school students, with most indicating a necessity for enforcing at least a minimum dress standard. 3 noted that there should be no return to a dress code:

"I believe that the personal appearance of large numbers of students is disgraceful. The school (Beverly Hills High) should enlist help of police to break up gangs and clusters of long haired hippies and their girl friends smoking and fondling one another across the street from the school grounds. I am a mature writer and motion picture producer - not an old lady in tennis shoes - and I find it revolting!" PARENT

"I strongly suggest there be some sort of dress code. My observations of children on campus indicate that there are no standards at all - poor preparation for what life will soon demand." PARENT

"It is really a disgusting sight to see how the students are dressed at Beverly High! There are no grooming standards maintained and the attitude of the student is as lax in his studies as he is in his dress." PARENT

"I firmly believe in a 'dress code': The students at B.H.H generally look like burs ---: PARENT

"In regard to the present dress code, I deplore the present standards. I feel the school and the administrators are to be highly respected, regardless what the parents have voted for... I would like to know where I and all the other parents who feel the same as I about the dress code were when this vote was being considered." PARENT

"If by grooming you mean cleanliness, wearing of shoes, etc. - then it is appropriate. If you mean mode of dress, length of hair, etc. - then it is not." PARENT

"A student's appearance should be standardized by the parents - it is the home juidance, not the schools." PARENT

"I am strongly against reinstatement of a dress code." PARENT



Attitude Toward MOI-70 (18)

16 respondents stated that MOD-70 was either an out-and-out failure or that it should be modified greatly. Suggestions for improsement most often cited were "fewer independent study periods" and "having the program only for seniors or for seniors and juniors." 2 people specifically listed MOD-70 as "good."

"In the high school the Mod Plan should be done away we have a cannot take average children out of primary school and place them in a college plan. The few bright ones benefit, the others manage to survive." PARENT

"Remove open campus idea. Student should be under adult supervision while at school." PARENT

"I think the Modular scheduling is a complete failure. A lot of time is wasted by students. They should not have to teach themselves." PARENT

"Eliminate the Mod 70 program at the high school - it is a waste of money - time - teachers and most important our children and their potential. I had three children graduate from the high school - but will not send my fourth to waste his time roaming around instead of being in school - if the program remains." PARENT

"I truly believe an even better school situation could result with a return to a more structured system -- all the way from a return to a moderate dress code to an overhaul of Mod 70, reserving free afternoon periods for those students maintaining at least a B average." PARENT

"I would like to see the Mod 70 Program modified. Freshman students should be compelled to stay a full school day. If their grades, attitudes, achievement, etc. prove acceptable, perhaps in sophomore year one or two earned rights should be given. Junior year more earned rights - such as the responsibility for dealing with their own time at 1:00 p.m. in the afternoon. By senior year perhaps the Mod 70 philosophy is just fine and most students hopefully are reliable, well educated and well-adjustayoung adults. But to toss this program to them at 14 years old!!! I say no." PARENT

"We generally approve of the individual programming at Beverly High. We would like to see a similar program instituted at the Elementary level." PARENT

"I would like a real good survey of whether or not the Mod 70 program really sufficiently prepares the student for college. I so often feel that my child seemingly has too much spare time. - that is not being channeled into any direction." PARENT



Attitude Toward FLES (19)

15 people said FLES was a waste of time, while 4 championed the program and regretted any any cutbacks.

"I feel the FLES in the elementary schools is very poor and should be started in 6th grade or above. My son is 5th grade (Spanish) has learned very little the past two years, and part of this is caused by a teacher who cannot control or interest the class. A waste of time!" PARENT

"Both (two children) are extremely good students; both hate the FLES program, are learning to dislike the learning of a foreign language vehemently, and are getting very little out of it. We feel that something is radically wrong!" PARENT

"The foreign language program in the primary school—is a complete waste of time due to lack of time and no individual attention to the students." p_{ARENT}

"We are happy with the school system (although regretting what has happened to FLES)." PARENT

"I do believe that the basic idea of this survey is to decide about the "FLES" Program. The french language education in the BH school system is a very impt. and integral part of the entire system and in destroying it, the B.H. School System is approaching the lower academic levels of education of L.A." PARENT



Attitude Toward Out-of-District and/or Multi-Cultural Program (18)

18 respondents were quite adamant about eliminating <u>all</u> out-of-district students: employees children, illegal students (feeling was the district doesn't do enough about this proplem), and multi-cultural permit students (particularly if Serrano goes through). No one made a favorable comment.

"I cannot agree to educate at taxpayers expense, students who live outside the B.H. district - any students - and especially at the 'expense'of bona-fide B.H. students." PARENT

"If all out-of-district students were identified and sent back to the schools they should be attending, I am sure it would be of great benefit to the Beverly Hills school district. It is very upsetting to know of these children attending at no cost and even worse to hear parents brag about how clever they are. We pay inflated prices for decrepit houses in order that our children can have the benefit of the B.H. Schools. We therefore cannot help but resent freeloaders." PARENT

"Keep students who live outside of B.H. out of B.H. schools with no exceptions." PARENT

"We would like to see multi-cultural program eliminated entirely as it is not fulfilling its purpose. Students from Emerson are not mixing with our students and it is over crowding classes. If it can't be eliminated entirely, would like to see less affluent youngsters enrolled instead of those who could well afford private schools. More effort spent on finding the non-residents attending B.H. schools. Perhaps a full-time employee to do this would be worth the money." PARENT

"There are too many out of district students! There are too many children of school employees who live outside the district. The efforts to get out of district students out of the schools (B.H.) are inadequate. You probably could save 2 or more class rooms and teachers if <u>all</u> students whose parer's don't live in live in the district were removed from school." PARENT

"Students on special permit should be returned to their home district. This includes cultural exchange students (over 100!) plus children of employees (a courtesy!). Why should our children have their class size increased by their children who are not residents of our city? We moved to B.H. for our children to have these advantages. Why should they be penalized? PARENT



Attitude Toward Program Cuts (14)

9 said there should be no program cuts, while 5 agreed in cutting back.

"I believe it would be a 'crime' to cut the school program in any way. The best teacher in the world is ineffective in an overcrowded classroom!" $_{\rm PARENT}$

"I would have to see a reduction in any of our fine educational services. I would gladly pay to see that my children have a good education." PARENT

"I think that every effort must be made to maintain the present school standards (including AP classes, teacher/pupil ratio, etc.) even if it means an unpopular taxation. We have a superb school system (of course I have gripes - What parent doesn't)." PARENT

"I am very much against cutting down the teaching staff in the primary grades."

"I feel, under the present circumstances, that the Board of Education is spending money foolishly...I feel it is absurd to build parking lots in two schools when next year we must increase class size and fire staff." PARENT

"I feel it is important to maintain the quality of the local schools. If necessary some of the expensive frills can be eliminated: summer school enrichment, but not at the expense of remedial. The FLES program can be trimmed and some of the expensive extras can be cut, but not at the expense of the general quality of education." PARENT

"Since great interest in learning in B. Hills and to our knowledge, no districts pay higher, teachers may stay if salary reduced. Staff should be reduced in only certain areas like FLES, a program not necessary."

"Programs to be eliminated not because they are too expensive but because they are not effective or need revision.

(?) pupil teacher ratio - at present level is ridiculous - teachers, good ones, could easily handle larger class load!" PARENT

"Why is the B.H. teachers organization against budget cuts? Do they feel that they are being deprived? In my experience with the system, I cannot rate 50% of the teachers my children have had as outstanding teachers. It seems that most of them are a product of the B.H. school system and this was an important factor in their being hired rather than their teaching ability!"

PARENT



Other Attitudes Reported Five or Six Times Were as Follows:

Other attitudes reported five or six times were as follows:

- o Guidance and counseling is poor. (6)
- o Greater citizen participation is needed. (5)
- o "Get drugs out of the schools." (5)
- o Cafeteria food is poor. (5)
- o Foundation funding plan endorsed. (5)

14 other attitudes -- some diametrically opposed to one another -- were expressed from 1 to 3 times.



VI. EMPLOYEES COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS

Attitude Toward Questionnaire

Of the 40 employees who offered comments and suggestions, 13 of these pertained to the questionnaire itself and 12 of these were critical of some or all parts of the instrument.

"Beware of generalizations and "black-white" issues.

You must deal with the student as an individual and
you must deal with the "gray" areas of issues at hand."

"Many of these questions can't be answered with "agree or disagree"."

"I feel questions in this form are worded to solicit answers which will support board actions for cutbacks. However, disagreement with a particular statement does not mean that a contrary statement would be true."

"Questions are very vague - I hate to say "Pro rams" should be cut without specifying which ones. Also, so many questrons depend on the parent or on the teacher."

""In order to reduce the budget". I question the expenditure for the elaborate printed brochures, publicity and this questionnaire. Having a background in P.R., I have a fairly good idea of the costs involved and do not feel that the questions asked permit a true sampling of community feeling. Am sure the results will be published in a thick book and it will be difficult for me to justify any decisions you might make based on this sampling."

"Interesting questions. Hope the findings will be published."



VI. EMPLOYEES COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Comments on Budget Reductions

17 employees made particular comments about the quality of programs and possible areas for budget reduction.

"We should seek to continue the present quality of our schools, since it is our children which will directly benefit from our investment."

"The well-being of the community rests in part upon the quality of our young people's education."

"Regardless of what other cities do, B.H.U.S.D. should seek to provide the best education possible for our children."

"The Board should be careful in spending our educational dollars, but not unwise in reducing the quality of the schools through budget cuts!"

"The Board should sample our opinion more often, not just during times of crisis!"

"Why didn't you include the question: "If you expect a cost of living increase in your salary should not the staff also receive a cost of living increase?""

"Emphasis on basic academic subjects would possibly insure a decent economic potential in later years of life. Also job study skills would help a lot of the kids that aren't planning to further their education. A lot of funds are unnecessarily spent on classes and projects that, although they are a learning experience in themselves, will not put "bread on the table" after graduation."

"On the subject of funding ... the Governor should release funds immediately to the school districts that are having problems."

"Ceiling should be placed on salaries."

"If necessary -

- 1.) First eleiminate extended day.
- 2.) Second eliminate summer school."

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VI. EMPLOYEES COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Comments on Budget Reductions

"Only by "natural" attrition rates, however.

In general, the budget should not be reduced in any of these ways; rather, the present staff should be reassigned to produce more teachers and counsellors, and less administrators; every existing administrator should be involved directly in teaching/counselling at least one (1) class per day every day of the week."

"The converse is true, in my opinion: A student's attitude toward school affects his appearance."

"There are administrators in the district whose positions are too costly to maintain in view of the overall benefit to the district: Supervisors, P.R."

Comments on Home and School Responsibilities

3 comments are reprinted here from a total of 7.

"I do not think Section F can be divided so stringently. The school and home have almost equal responsibility in many of the categories."

"Part F. The home has an equal responsibility in raising their children."

"In Section F, school and home responsibilities are both marked because I feel that in many cases both should deal with these."



VI. EMPLOYEES COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Other Comments Related to Class Size, the Fles Program, the Library Program, and Student Appearance. They are presented in that order.

"The elementary primary levels should by all means be <u>small</u> classes. Teacher/pupil ratio (class size) is the most important factor in learning! This is the period when a child needs individualized instruction and problem, are uncovered, so the upper grades can be larger. Keep classes in primary grades small!"

"The Fles Program should be entirely eliminated or offered as an elective. I feel this because the promise of children being able to communicate and speak fluently in a foreign language after 12 years has not been fulfilled and I don't know how the taxpayers could have been fooled for so long. , The failure cannot be corrected. There must be a / new technique or none at all. 12 years of impounding language into a child's head hasn't accomplished anything and it was apparent from the start that nothing could be accomplished with vocabulary lists, memorization and regirgitation, (especially memorization in conjugations), the attitude of administrators in the Foreign Language Department will not at the present rate, provide for change or improvement within the system."

"I feel that the proposed reduction in library service is unwise. Section E, Basic Communication Skills. Ability to recognize propaganda and bias in various media should be provided to the greatest possible extent."

"Q. 140 - The converse is true, in my opinion: A student's attitude toward school affects his appearance."



EMPLOYEES COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS

on

COMMUNITY SURVEY

- 1. The Fles Program should be entirely eliminated or offered as an elective. I feel this because the promise of children being able to communicate and speak fluently in a foreign language after 12 yrs has not been fulfilled and I den't know how the taxpayers could have been fooled for so long. The failure cannot be corrected. There must be a new technique or none at all. 12 years of impounding language into a child's head hasn't accomplished anything and it was apparent from the start that nothing could be accomplished with vocabulary lists, memorization and regirgitation, (especially memorization in conjugations), the attitude of administrators in the Foreign Language Dept. will not at the present rate, provide for change or improvement within the system.
- 2. If necessary -
 - 1.) First eliminate extended day.
 - 2.) Second eliminate summer school.
- 3. There were no questions pertaining to the library program in our schools.
- 4. Qs. 128 and 130 are poorly stated. The two statements go hand in hand, along with many other variables that apply to maximum learning in the classroom. If class size becomes too great, even the best teacher will not be able to do an adequate job of instructing. At the same time, a poor teacher will not do well under either condition (large or small class size), but would most certainly do her worst job with a large calss. Using the words "most" and "more" important in these statements causes confusion.

Regarding #122 - I'm sure one could find just as many "good" teachers in another district as we have in B.H. All you need is dedication.

- I hope the community, administration and members of the Board of Education continue to make the best decisions for the district and thus continue to have one of the best school districts in the nation, and a pride of Beverly Hills.
- 6. This is a <u>poor</u> questionnaire. Its questions show a definite administrative bias and do <u>not</u> tell the public the true intent of this poll. No information is given for who ar "not informed"!
- 7. Interesting questions. Hope the findings will be published.



- 8. "In order to reduce the budget". I question the expenditure for the elaborate printed brochures, publicity and this questionnaire. Having a background in P.R. I have a fairly good idea of the costs involved and do not feel that the questions asked permit a true sampling of community feeling. Am sure the results will be published in a thick book and it will be difficult for me to justify any decisions you might make based on this sampling.
- 9. Saving money by reducing the non-teaching staff.
- 10. Q. 143. Only by "natural" attrition rates, however.

 In general, the budget should not be reduced in any of these ways (141-143); rather, the present staff should be reassigned to produce more teachers and counsellors, and less administrators every existing administrator should be involved directly in teaching/counselling at least one (1) class per day every day of the week.
- Q. 140 The converse is true, in my opinion: A student's attitude toward school affects his appearance.
- Q. 138 There are administrators in the district whose positions are too costly to maintain in view of the overall benefit to the district: Supervisors, P.K.
- 11. I feel that the proposed reduction in library service is unwise. Section D. Dasic Communication Skills. Ability to recognize propaganda and bias in various media should be provided to the greatest possible extent.
- 12. My first suggestion is that this questionnaire neels major revision of at least two sections. Section F, with the exception of a couple of items, is concerned with <u>shared</u> responsibilities. In Section G, Items 128 and 130 cannot possibly be answered correctly with the short answers provided; there are too many variables for these two items to provide valid results. Items 125 and 129 seem to ask the same thing. Item 138 is grammatically incorrect, and the responses must be open to broad interpretation.

Items 141, 142, and 143 are loaded!

- a. These items, so phrased, are comparable to: "In order to improve your marriage, you should stop beating your wife."
- b. In order to answer these intelligently, a person would have to have pertinent information and would have to give qualified answers.
- c. They seem to assure that the budget will be reduced and lead the respondent to feel that he should choose what seems to be the least damaging of the three.
 - d. They portend doom, leaving no room for positive thinking.
- e. If you wish to measure emotional reaction rather than intelligent opinion, at least remove the words "in order to reduce the budget".
- f. Care must be taken that the responses to these items are not interpreted as a vote in favor of reducing the budget, but rather as a choice of methods.

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- 13. Beware of generalizations and "black-white" issues. You must deal with the student as an individual and you must deal with the "gray" areas of issues at hand.
- 14. Many of these statements are poorly phrased. On Page 3 there are several statements which should apply equally to home and school; (i.e.) it is every adult's obligation to help a child develop a positive self-image and confidence in his own ability to cope. On P. 4 such alternatives as diversified staffing need to be included as means of budget reductions not all teachers are worth the same salary at any level and paraprofessionals are needed to decrease the pupil/adult ratio more adults are needed:
- 15. Many of these questions can't be answered with "agree or disagree".
- 16. Questionnaire is loaded in Section G. (Budget, Reductions, Staffing, etc.) B.H. citizen is given point to "reduce budget staff should be reduced" no background no varying points of view cut and cut most arbitrary!

Background on "Pre-Serrano Jitters" of Board and Administration should be aired!

- 17. I feel questions in this form are worded to solicit answers which will support board actions for out-backs however disacrecment with a particular statement does not mean that a contrary statement would be true.
- 18. Section "E" not clear if items were to apply to <u>all</u> students.

Section "F" add check box for both school and home responsibility.

19. Re: Section F, School vs. Nome - All those virtues should be developed thru joint action of school and home with the home bearing the ultimate responsibility. Unless the home wishes to cope out."

But "sloppiness" may allow a student a mode of expression that doesn't interfere with his other activities.

20. Is the community supposed to understand whether these questions and answers relate to pre-Serrano or post-Serrano implementation times (i.e. next year or some year after equalization of school finance)? It seems to me that the community would want top quality as long as bargain-basement prices are available! (If they were really aware of the present bargain). Doesn't top quality educational opportunity help greatly in maintaining property values in Beverly Hills? Why shouldn't both (educational and property) values be maintained for as long as these prices are available? Why solicit reductions prematurely? (last three questions).



- 21. The Board of Education <u>must</u> assume the responsibility for causing severe damage to the educational program through financial cutbacks initiated solely by their own arbitrary decisions. It is <u>very</u> discouraging!!
- 22. I do not think Section F can be did stringently. The school and home have almost equal responding in many of the categories.
- 23. Very poorly constructed questionnaire:
- 24. We should seek to continue the present quality of our schools, since it is our children which will directly benefit from our investment.

The well-being of the community rests in part upon the quality of our young people's education.

Regardless of what other cities do, B.H. should seek to provide the best education possible for our children.

The Board should be careful in spending our educational dollars, but not unwise in reducing the quality on the schools through budget cuts!

The Board should sample our opinion more often, not just during times of chisis!

- 25. Q.#140. Budget should not be reduced.
- 26. Part F. The home has an equal responsibility in raising their children.
- 27. #142 Ceiling should be placed on salaries. #143 -
- 28. In section F school and home responsibilities are both marked because T feel that in r ny cases both should deal with these.
- 29. It was very difficult to answer some of these questions wisely and accurately either because the wording of the question was not specific enough or because the answer could not be reduced to such simple "black and white" categories.

In my opinion the questionnaire's validity could be questioned. It should have been more scientifically designed and more clearly explicated.

- 30. Why didn't you include the question: "If you expect a cost of living increase in your salary should not the staff also receive a cost of living increase?"
- 31. Building program could be slowed temporarily until we see what happens regarding the state-wide property tax.



32. The district is top heavy administratively with high salaries in the tarea. If the staff is reduced, it should be in this area. Sup the rs or Dept. Heads should or could be put into the classroom to fall vacancies. An outstanding teaching ability will not be nearly as well used if he must spend all his time with problems due to large class size.

By reducing salaries, better teachers would find it easier to change to other districts with less tension, more trust and better educational programs.

- 33. The elementary primary levels should by all means be <u>small</u> classes. Teacher/pupil ratio (class size) is the most important factor in learning! This is the period when a child needs individualized instruction and problems are uncovered, so the upper grades can be larger. Keep classes in primary grades small!
- 34. Teacher pupil ratio is important.

 Why not reword to ask if salary should be raised? This is extremely unsatisfactory. Don't teachers need cost of living raise?
- 35. Questions are very vague I hate to say "Programs" should be cut without specifying which ones. Also, so many questions depend on the parent or on the teacher.
- 36. Section F should include a Section that allows you to express the need for joint responsibility on the relative strength of cach's influence.
- 37. This district has too many administrators.
- 38. I feel that this survey was extremely limited in many respect, but may be very useful to you. You've got a hell of a problem! Good Luck.
- 39. Emphasis on basic academic subjects would possibly insure a decent economic potential in later years of life. Also job study skills would help a lot of the kids that aren't planning to further their education. A lot of funds are unccessarily spent on classes and projects that, although they are a learning experience in themselves, will not put "bread on the table" after graduation.

On the subject of funding ... the Governor should release funds immediately to the school districts that are having problems.

- 40. The district seems to have lost the ability to encourage high morale among its staff, thus dividing teachers instead of helping them move in a unified fashion to solve the problems that presently face us.
- 41. Question 143 -Only after alternatives have been carefully considered. Those with heavy workloads should not be required to absorb the extra work!
- 42. Too much generality in Section E. and F. 109

VI. STUDENTS' COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS

Attitude Toward Questionnaire

Of the 337 students who returned questionnaire, 105 contained comments and suggestions. A sampling of the 35 of these, which pertained to the questionnaire itself, are quoted here.

- "#116 and #117 imply that religion is necessary.
 It is not."
- "Good evaluation, but most of the questions are very controversial!"
- "You can only agree or disagree with what you have stated. Give us a questionnaire where we supply all the answers to tell you what is wrong, what needs drastic improvement."
- "This prejudiced questionnaire I find revolting. First of all, it presumes patriotism is a positive thing and also that a so called "religious commitment" is essential, necessary or even good. For the most part, students don't give a damn about learning which is the right attitude for the schools in this country and the society they are about to enter. For learning will not make you happy or get you money or fulfill your needs."
- "This questionnaire is much too long for the average mentality."
- "The school (B.H.H.S.) WASTES too much money on buying supplies (such as science lab, planetarium, etc.) which students are too irresponsible to obtain knowledge."
- "This survey would more adequately be spent on hiring better teachers for schools in under-privileged communities."



VI. STUDENTS' COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Attitude Toward Questionnaire

"In most of the questions, I had comments because my answers didn't fit into the categories you provided. The fact you narrowed the categories down so much makes you loose information you should want to know. I didn't feel that it was a fair survey."

"There should have been a section concerning the worth of the guidance counselors."

Comments on Budget Allocations

There were 15 comments that related to budget allocations, and a sampling is presented.

"What is this "In order to reduce the budget" business? I think the budget should be increased."

"Entirely too much emphasis is placed on the performing arts in the High School. I think the Drama and Music Departments could take a sizeable cutback in funds without falling apart; unfortunately, I think it will be the Technical Arts department that will get the cutback. Some of the money that is spent to send the orchestra all over the place should be spent to inform the students and parents that a technical arts department exists. You'd be surprised at the number of people who don't even know what the technical arts are."

"Beverly has definitely spent too much money on things like: the whole Media Services Department and all that equipment (only a very small number of students are at all interested) and the information retrieval equipment, etc. It's great for some people, but not enough benefit from it. Other things should be improved first - the library, for one thing. More books."



VI. STUDENTS' COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Comments on Budget Allocations

- "I disagree with changing the budget of the high school to be spread over the L.A. schools because the ratio of the amounts used for each school will not improve them that much."
- "While I feel that programs in school for select groups of students should remain, I feel classes such as auto shop and progressive courses in the sciences and humanities should be added."
- "Knowledge is man's most important resource. I want the best money can buy but I also want to eliminate waste. Financially, I think the school should be more conservative. The waste that occurs at Beverly basically by the students is absurd. Like last year, the kads broke all those glass doors; that's my money that's being thrown out, and I think the School Board, Vice Principal, should take a much stronger standpoint about people that are destructive to the schools."
- "I feel some of the money that is spent is wasted money. We don't need a half dozen librarians or other personnel which are around."

. .

"The Counseling Department should be improved."

Comments on Shared Responsibility

- 12 comments concerned the shared responsibility of home and school.
 - "I did not answer Section F, because both the home and the school offer biases which might not agree with the individual. He should learn these things on his ow. On the other hand, if that individual needs help in these segments of life, the help should come from both the school and the home."



VI. STUDENTS: COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Comments on Shared Responsibility

"Section F is quite ludicrous; you ask for an evaluation and yet we must paint everything black and white. Many, many of those situations are the responsibility of both home and school."

"Section F, you left out one important responsibility, the student's own. Te, himself, should
develop attitudes without help of school or
parents."

"All spaces I have marked in Section F below patriotism as "undecided" neans I feel both school and home have equal responsibility in,

I believe religion show d be more strongly emphasized in the schools, and bans on prayers and other religious expression should be eliminated. They are a violation of freedom rights. Encourage communion with God and the spiritual side of life!"

"For Section F, many answers apply for both school and nome commitment."

"Section F is not an effective gauge, as there should be a section for both home and school."

7 Comments Were About Staff Members

"As a student at Beverly, I have found in my
4 years that the only good classes are the ones
with good teachers. Class size, etc., is secondary. Budget cuts must be done without harming
special programs. I feel unable to answer certain questions, i.e. 134 because of a lack of
complete knowledge of the area."



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VI. STUDENTS: COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS (continued)

7 Comments Were About Staff Members

"In Section G., reference to student/teacher ratio does not include the point that the level of the student is very important. An excellent teacher teaching a large group of advanced students will create a stimulated educational experience. If, however, there are 10 students that cannot help the pace with the others, the whole level of the class will be brought down."

"I really don't believe the teaching staff should be reduced. Some of the new teachers are really excellent, and it would be a shame, because they would be the first ones that would have to leave. One such teacher is Mr. Jack Porter, Spanish teacher. In all the years I have taken foreign languages, I never had a teacher that was so capable and really concerned that his students are learning."

The Balance of Student Comments Were Rather General in . Nature and Included the Counseling Service, the Art Curriculum, Grading Policies, and General Observations on the Total School Program

"This district and city are known for Beverly's quality education. It is an accepted fact that many people move to our city simply for our school system. If our system's quality is reduced 'Questions - 141,-142, and 143) by these means, our city will lose its most important resource for community and business involvement - education. Our superior education must be maintained and strengthened. The B. H. City Council and Chamber of Commerce mist work with B.H.U.S.D. to provided funds if necessary."

"At all costs, the present school system should be maintained. At all costs!"

"The school is responsible for the child 6-8 hours a day; consequently, many responsibilities are the schools and also parents."



VI. STUDENTS' CO ENTS AND SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Balance of Student Comments (continued)

"The counseling service is cerrible. They are always at a meeting when I need them. I can never get the classes I want; only once have I been pleased with their help."

The school was a better school, to me, when there were 7 periods, and a large supervised study hall. A Senior."

"If possible, classes in the arts should be retained. The school (especially upper grades in high school) should serve more as a resource for the individual student's needs, than in a structured situation. All of the expensive programs don't mean anything if there aren't good teachers and there are still a lot of teachers who are hindering the personal development of students, rather than encouraging it. The schools have to make all of the subjects enjoyable, and applicable to daily life. More Good Teachers!"

"There is far too much emphasis on grades rather than learning for the sake of knowledge. This has been very bad and must be stopped."

"The Board is too concerned with community; it's not the Board's fault - it's the community's?

If the community elected them, they should have enough trust in them to let them work for the student's benefit ... not so they work to impress the community."

"There are no unnecessary programs offered at BHHS. Everyone is different and every course at BHHS is needed to meet <u>some</u> of the needs of <u>some</u> of the individuals."

"I'm graduating so whatever happens won't <u>really</u> matter to me, but this is a <u>great</u> school ... don't let it deteriorate! The only department where cutbacks could be - <u>should</u> be made are the P.E. Departments."

VI. STUDENTS' COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS (continued)

Balance of Student Comments (continued)

"Better pay for teachers."

"This questionnaire does not enable one to give one's real opinion because it has been written with certain biases and preconceptions. The whole educational system needs to be changed. In answer to Question E, school should be note individualized since not everyone needs academic education, even some need primarily vocational education (Yes, even in Beverly Hills), while others would do well in less structured free-schools. For this reason, it's hard to say what the district should provide - it's different for different students."

"The school is great for the College Prep Stefent, a but lacks way, things that could depress of an thire for instance, allow people to graduate early without any hassels. Furthermore, there are teachers only teaching 3 or 4 classes a day (less than 3 hours); this is ridiculous. The quality of education could be improved with small classes and more specialized classes. We have the faculty, but they could be used much more effectively."

APPENDIX I

ERIC C

117/118

.*	QUESTION	NUPBER	5
·.	5 YEARS L	IVED IN B H	
		FREQUENCY	· PERCENTAGE
1 TO	2 YRS	263	0.13
3 TO		381	
			0.18
. 6 TO		361.	0.17
. 10 YR		4 95	0 • 24
STUDE		3 37 ·	0.16
	OF NON RES	PONSES 238	0.11
			0.21
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•	6 OWN HOM		•
		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
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NUMBER	OF NON RES	PONSES 684	0.23
	QUESTION (NUMBER	8
			8
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		٠.	,NC	772	0.37
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Tongs.			, YES	1054	0.51
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T ,		•		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
	15		ONE CHILD	330	0.16
- C1	••	, 1	2 CHILDREM	30	0.01
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	37	, 1	3 CFILDREN	18	0.C1
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e e		1 21	STUDENT	337	0.16
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	ONE CHILD	542	PERCENTAGE 0.26
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	4 CHILDREN	. 4	0.00
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	2 CHILDREM	121	0.06
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	ONE CHILD	187	0.09
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7	NOT USEFUL	158	0 (8
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z.,	MOST USEFUL	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
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<u>.</u>	USUALY USEF	213	0.10
ų- 1/	US F.FU L	220	0.11
3	OCCN USEFUL	320	0.15
3 0	NOT USEFUL	286	0.14
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•	QUESTION NU	IMBER	26
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a.		FREQUENCY	
۱۱	MOST USEFUL	142	PERCENTAGE .
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¥	USEFUL	196	0.67
	OCCN USEFUL	313	0.09
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, 	USUALY USEF	44	0.10
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i	IF FUNDS	951	0.46	
(3	NOT NECESSY	231		
	NUMBER OF NON RE	SPCKSES 167	0.11	
	- 11 21 OF 11 OF 11 OF	31 (13.13.131	0.08	
(1)				
14,5	······································			
	QUESTION		56	
3	56DEVELO	P FINE ART		
1 3		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
~	ESSENTIAL	726	0.35	
	IF FUNDS	992	0.48	- ,
4	NOT NECESSY	238		
1 '	NUMBER OF NUN RE	SPONCEC 110	0.11	
	HONOLIN OF HOM KE	310N2C2 113	0.06	
<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
og (e)	OHECTION			
ž	QUESTION		57	
) STHELP PI	RS PROBLEMS		
` \$ _*		EREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
4	ESSENTIAL	1152	C.56	
	IF, FUNDS	614	0.30	
~~	NOT NECESSY	188	0.09	· • - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	NUMBER OF NON RES	SPONSES 121	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1	1	<u> </u>	0 • C6	
	· ·		•	
3	QUESTION	MILLOGO		
1	, QUESTICN	NUMBER	5 8	
, ^{A-} 1	JOVUCATIL	NAL PLANNG		
	F 665475.	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
ğ ·	ESSENTIAL	1309	0.63	
<u> </u>	/ IF FUNDS	543	C.26	
·	, NOT NECESSY	100	0.05	
**	NUMBER OF NON RES	PCASES 123	0.06	
4	,			
(
	QUESTION	NUMBEO	: O	
ارين			39	
1 i	ファビリしし AII		ISSING IN CECK	
.] /		EDEVICENCA	PERCENTAGE	
1_/	•	FREQUENCY		
1	ESSENTIAL	1712	0.83	
<u>. </u>	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS	1712	0.83	
<u>d /</u> d /-/-	ESSENTIAL	1712	0.11	
d/. d/-	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS NOT NECESSAR	1712 236 38	0.11 0.C2	
d/_ d/-	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS	1712 236 38	0.11	
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS NOT NECESSAR	1712 236 38	0.11 0.C2	
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS NOT NECESSAR NUMBER OF NUM RES	1712 236 38 PONSES 89	0.11 0.C2 0.04	
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS AOT NECESSAR NUMBER OF NUM RES	1712 236 38 PONSES 89	0.11 0.C2	
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS AOT NECESSAR NUMBER OF NUM RES	1712 236 38 PONSES 89 NUMBER 6 T IN LEARNG	0.11 0.C2 0.04	
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS NOT NECESSAR NUMBER OF NUM RES QUESTION 601 TIEFES	1712 236 38 PONSES 89	0.11 0.C2 0.04	
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS NOT NECESSAR NUMBER OF NUM RES QUESTION 601 TIEFES	1712 236 38 PONSES 89 NUMBER 6 T IN LEARNG FREQUENCY	0.11 0.C2 0.04 PERCENTAGE	
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS NOT NECESSAR NUMBER OF NUM RES QUESTION 601 TEFES	1712 236 38 PONSES 89 NUMBER 6 T IN LEARNG FREQUENCY 1685	0.11 0.C2 0.04 PERCENTAGE 0.E)	
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS NOT NECESSAR NUMBER OF NON RES QUESTION 601 TEFES ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS	1712 236 38 PONSES 89 NUMBER 6 T IN LEARNG FREQUENCY 1685 217	0.11 0.C2 0.04 PERCENTAGE 0.81 0.10	
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS NOT NECESSAR NUMBER OF NUM RES QUESTION 601 TEFES	1712 236 38 PONSES 89 NUMBER 6 T IN LEARNG FREQUENCY 1685 217	0.11 0.C2 0.04 PERCENTAGE 0.E)	

a 11	QUESTION	NUMBER 61		and developed to a substitute,
.	61.SELF DI	RECT LEARNG		
(.) ,,			PERCENTAGE	~~~
	ESSENTIAL	1617	0.78	
S "	IF FUNDS		0 •13	
e _m ,	NUT MECESSY NUMBER OF NON RESI	54 '	0.G3 0.C7	
***	NOT CEN OF WORK REST	FCN3C3 142		
5				
2)	QUESTION	NUMBER 62		
#		BASIC SKLLS		
)"		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	4
2/	ESSENTIAL	1693	0.82	•
·	IF FUNDS	1.98	0.10	
`,	NOT NECESSY	39	0.02	
4 ₹	NUMBER OF NON RESI	PONSES 145	0.07	
T "				
]	QUESTION N	NUMBER 63		
,,		FRGN LANG		
د		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
3	ESSENTIAL	1134	0.55	
3?	IF FUNDS	712	0.34	
7	NOT NECESSY	135	0.07	
37	NUMBER OF NON RESE	PONSES 94	0.05	
<u></u>				
,	QUESTI(N N	NUMBER 64		
	64D1FFEREN		•	
- ۱-۰ -	O4DITT EREI	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CSSCNTIAL	915	0,44	
1	If funds	808	U•39	
Č	NOT NECESSY	217	0.10	
- (- -	NUMBER OF NON RESE		0.07	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
•	QUESTION A	IUMBER 65	•	
i` ,		FRGN LANG		
Tables.	ODATITODE	FREQUENCY	DEDCENTACE	
` , -	ESSENTIAL	986	PERCENTAGE 0.48	
1 *	IF FUNDS	688	0.46	
	NOT NECESSY	262	0.13	
	NUMBER OF NON RESP		0.07	
3.				
(1)				
	QUESTION N			
,3" ··- ·	OCUNUERS II.	G WRIT MTL		
1	CCCALTIAL	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
!!	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS	1904	0.92	
	NOT NECESSY	7 <i>4</i> 11	0.04	
`1	NUMBER OF NON RESP		0.01	
_	MOTOR OF NON KEST	014262 60	0 • C 4	
(4				
1:	QUESTION N			
(5)	67APPREC L			
	·	FREQUENCY	· _PERCENTAGE	
	E S EN T L. L	1470	0.71	
ć".	IF FUNDS	415	0.20	
	NOT NECESSY	79	0.04	
V. <u>/</u>		CACCCALL		
RIC	NUMBER OF NON RESP	CNSES 111	127 0.05	

	QUI STION	NUMBER	68		en eneme angle and desirable of an enem a local section and analysis of the
	3 SUUL 3 S	WRIT MATERIL			
•		FREQUENCY		PERCENTAGE	
*	ESSENTIAL	1133 596		0.55 0.29	
	IF FUNDS	· ·		0.10	
10	NUT NECESSY NUMBER OF NON RE	206	. 3	0.07	,
. 7	NUMBER OF NOM RE	3701363 140	•	0 •07	
10					
	QUESTION		69		
T	69SPORTS			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
·[4] (2	TOC THE TALL	FREQUENCY		PERCENTAGE C.71	
•	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS	1480 353		0.17	
3000	NOT NECESSY	133		0.06	
.)	NUMBER OF NON RE			0.05	
÷			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
10.					
3		NUMBER	70		
pag	7 C PHYS I U	CEVELOPMENT			
TO -	COCCUTT!	FREQUENCY		PERCENTAGE 0.65	
} ×	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS	1343 453		0.65	
·~	NOT NECESSY	455 141		0.22	
j	TNUMBER OF NON RE			0.C7	
<u>1</u>	HONDER OF HOW HE				
1	QUESTICN		71		
	71KNOWL E	CGE OF GAMES	•	0.00.00.00	
{ ,_		FREQUENCY		PERCENTAGE	
1	FSSENTIAL	952		0.46 0.37	
1	IF FUNDS	761		C.10	
;	NUMBER OF HON RE			0.07	
1 ,	MONDER OF HOW RE	SPENSES 199			
<u>1</u>					
•	QUESTICN		72.		
,	72 SKLL S	LEISURE TIME			
1		FREQUENCY		PERCENTAGE	
	ESSENTIAL	774		0.37	
T,	IF FUNDS	834		0.40 0.16	
16,	NCT NECESSY NUMBER OF NON RE	323 SPCNSES 144		0.10	
174	MOLE EN OF MON INC	J. UNULU 177		.	
10,				.,	
	QUESTION		73		
5- 61	73RELEAS	E OF TENSION			
JO, .		FREQUENCY	_,	PERCENT AGE	
1	ESSENTIAL	1186		0.57	
الأيم مع	IF FUNDS	540 		0.26	
	NCT MECESSY NUMBER OF NON RE	227		0.11 0.C6	
3 .,	MACOCK C. MIN KC	STUNSTS ACA			
F.C.	•				
7 · · · · ·	CUESTION	NUMBER	74		
3		AMER HISTORY			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FREQUENCY		PERCENTAGE	
3 11	ESSENTIAL.	1754		0.85	و و المستود والمستود والمستود المستود المس
1	IF FUNDS	1.82		0.09	
.	NOT NECESSY	42 ESPONSES 97		0.02 0.05	
IC.	NUMBER OF NON PE		al 🔿		
ded by ERIC		,	12	8	
			X		• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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	QUESTICN I			`
1		H HUMANITI		
• O.		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	·
Mary 1	ESSENTIAL	1231	0.59	
·g	IF FUNDS	635	0.31	
	NOT NECESSY	79	0.04	
	NUMBER OF NON RESI		. 0 • C 6	
·	MOMB IN COLUMN			
7 _				
] 0	OUTCTION	NUMBER 76		
•				
wye	165UL SUL	TCDAYS WLD	PER CENT & GE	
1 0		FREQUENCY		
3	ESSENTIAL	1467	0.71	
,	IF FUNDS	435	0.21	
r (3)	NOT NECESSY	62	0.03	
· · · · ·	NUMBER OF NON KES	PCNSES 111	0.05	
•				
· · · · · · ·				
70	QUESTION	NUMBER 77		
:	72 COMMIN	ITY INVOLVEMENT	VISSING IN CECK	
-	77 Cention	COCOLIENCA	PERCENTAGE	
. O		FREQUENCY 928	C.45	
	ESSENT IAL		0.36	
	IF FUNDS	748		
\bigcirc	NOT NECESSAR	257	0.13	
	NUMBER OF NON FES	PCNSES 132	0 • C 6	
;			•	
0,				
,	OUESTION	NUMBER 78		
	765KILLS			
22	YOSKILLS	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
) O	1		0.93	
r -	ESSENTIAL	1933	0.02	
	IF FUNCS	33	0.01	
' (ð.	NOT NECESSY	13		
- 12-1	NUMBER OF NON RES	SPONSES 96	0.05	
\mathcal{O}^{-1}			•	
,,	/ - QUESTION	NUMPER 79		
) 	· 79APPL IC/	TN IN MATH		
0.	1	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
U	ESSENTIAL	1808	0.87	
	IF FUNDS	131	0.06	
1	NGT NECESSY	25	0.01	
i i			0.05	
· ,	NUMBER OF NON RES	SPCN3C3 III		
)				
	QUESTION	NUMBER 80		
1	80COLL EI	YT REQ MATH	The same of the sa	· •
$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{I}}$		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
2/	ESSENTIAL	1652	0.80	
<i>j</i> •	IF FUNDS	248	0.12	
③	NOT NECESSY	54	0 • C3	
\ <i>9</i>	NUMBER OF NON RE		0.06	
	NUMBER OF NON NE	31 CK363 121		
<i>6</i> 3 ·				
(1)			•	
****	QUESTION	NUMPER 8		
	81 SCIENT	IFIC FACTS	0.00.00.00.7.40.0	
•		FREGUENCY	PERCENTAGE	·
, .	ESSENT IAL	1714	0.83	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	F FUNDS	213	0.10	•
"y"	NOT NECESSY	33	0.02	
0	MINNER OF NOR RE		_ 0 . 06	•
eĭC.			129	
ovided by ERIC	•	XI		

QUESTION NUMBER	82
82SCIENTIFIC PROCED	
FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
ESSENTIAL 1350 481	0.65
NUT NECESSY 105	0.25
NUMBER OF NON RESPONSES-139	0.c7
QUESTION NUMBER	83
83INTEREST IN NATURE	
FREQUENCY	
E SSENTIAL 1344	0.65
IF FUNDS 503	0.24
NCT NECESSY 104	0.05
NUMBER OF NON RESPONSES 124	0.06
QUESTION NUMBER	84
84 TASTE IN THEAT ART	DEO CEUTACE TOTAL
FREQUENCY ESSENTIAL 698	PERCENTAGE 0.34
IF FUNDS 993	0.48
NOT NECESSY 275	0.13
NUMBER OF NON RESPONSES 109	0.05
QUESTION NUMBER	85
85 SKILLS IN SCHL PROD	0,
FREQUENCY	.PERCENTAGE
ESSENTIAL 492	. C • 24
/ IF FUNDS 1121	
NUT NECESSY 326	0.16
1. NUMBER OF NON RESPONSES 136	0.07
QUESTION NUMBER	86
86 DRAMATIC LITERATUR	
FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
ESSENTIAL 781	0.33
IF FUNDS 906 NUT NECESSY 277	0.44
NUMBER OF NON RESPONSES 111	0.13 0.C5
•	
	87
87MUSIC APPRECIATION	DEDCENTACE
E SSENTIAL FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE 0.53
IF FUNDS 736	0.35
NOT NECESSY 135	0.67
NUMBER OF NON RESPONSES 104	0.05
QUESTION NUMBER	88
88 SKLLS IN CREATING	en Hennesen et en en gant de de la companye de la c
FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
ESSENTIAL 649 IF FUNDS 1045	0.31 0.50
NOT NECESSY 257	130 0.12 0.6

OUEST.	TYCAL AULUGED	maners (i.e. in such and property extensions and another annual and another and and another another and another and another another and another another and another another another and another anothe
89 CON	ION NUMBER 80	
11-	FREQUENCY	DEDCENTAGE
ESS ENT TAL	831	PERCENTAGE C.40
, IF FUNDS	914	0.44
NOT NECESSY	222	0.11
NOPOER 1/F NON	RESPONSES 108	0.05
QUEST	TEN NUMBER 90	
7 90HAN	CICAPPED PPOG	
	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
"ESSENTIAL	1313	0.63
IF FUNDS	564	0.27
NOT NECESSY	105	0.05
" "	RESPONSES 93	0.04
n		
QUEST	ICM NUMBER 91	
. 91CLAS	SSES GIFTED STD	
25	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
ESSENTIAL	1198	0.58
IF FUNDS NOT NECESSY	660	C • 32
NUMBER OF MON	RESPONSES 112	0.05
1 17017	KERPLYZER ITS	0.05
и		
QUESTI	CN NUMBER 92	
92CLAS	SSES DROPOUTS	•
	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
ESSENTIAL IF FUNOS	1194	0.58
NOT NECESSY	637 128	0.31
NUMBER OF MON	RESPENSES 111	C • C6
11	NEST CRSES III	0.05
3 (4		
QUESTI	ON NUMBER 93	
93CLAS	SES FCR ADULTS	-
ESSENTIAL	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
I IF FUNDS	565	C.27
NOT NECESSY	1027 353	0.49
,NUMBER OF MON I	RESPONSES 130	0.17
1 *		0.06
		•
OUESTIC	DN NUMBER 94	
3 94-CL ASS	SES NON ENGLSH	
ESSENTIAL	FREQUENCY	PERCENTÁGE
IF FUNDS	845 836	0.41
· NOT NECESSY	250	0.40
NUMBER OF NON R	RESPONSES 136	0.12
f=====================================		U + C
0115075		
QUESTIC	N NUMBER 95	
AD DVFT 2	PERSONAL USE	
F SSENTIAL T	FREQUENCY 1293	PERCENTAGE
IF FUNDS	588	0.62
NCT NECESSY	77	0.28
FRIC - MUMBER OF NON K	ESPONSES 117	0.04 121 0.06
Full Text Provided by ERIC		*404
1 - ;	XIII	

1	96EXPOS	NUMBER 96	
		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
·	ESSENTIAL	1112	0.54
	IF FUNDS	724	0.35
1	NOT NECESSY	105	0.05
	NUMBER OF NON KE	SPUNSES 134	0.06
' ·•	·		
1	QUESTION	NUMBER ' 97	
	9/EMPLOY	ABLE SKLLS	
•	ESSENTIAL	FREQUENCY_	PERCENTAGE
	IF FUNDS	1211	0.58
3	NOT NECESSY	585	0.28
	MINNED OF YOUR	156	0.08
? ———	NUMBER OF NON RE	SPENSES 123 :	0.06
	QUESTION	NUMBER 58	
::····	98RIGHTS	& RESPONBL	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		FREQUENCY	PERCENT AGE
	SCHOOL	662	0.32
	HCME	1032	0.50
·	UNDECIDED	112	0.65
	MULTIPLE	172	0.08
·	NUMBER OF NON RES	PCNSES 97	0.05
:	OUESTICE	NUVBER 99	··
•.	99091164	NUMBER 99	•
		EKEUTENGA	
	SICHCOL	970	PERCENTAGE
	HUME	703	.0.47
:	UNDEC IDED	119	0.34
	MULTIPLE	151	<u> </u>
	NUMBER OF NON RES	PCASES 128	0.07
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* *********	0.06
. 11	OHECTION S		
	QUESTION TO	NUMBER 10C AL PHILSHY	
	200. (2:17	EDEVISE OF	
	SCHOOL	FREQUENCY 484	PERCENTAGE
	HOME	1049	0.23
	UNDEC IDED	302	0.51.
	MULTIPLE	90 ***	0.15
)	NUMBER OF NUM RESP	CASES 150	0.C4
		5,30,0,100	0.07
	QUESTICH N	UMRER 101	
; ·	101LCYALTY	DEMCCRACY	· · ·
		FF EQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
,	SCHCOL	545	0.26
	HCME	1033	
	UNCEC IDED	209	0.50
4.	MULTI PLE	12/	C.1C
' '	IUMPER OF NON KESPI	ONSES 147	0.07
		• • •	.,, U•U <i>I</i>



		meriten en bitance		
10		MERICAN HERITAGE FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
	' SCHOOL	1484	0.72	
("	HOME	251		
	UNDECIDED	97	0.12	
•,	MULTIPLE	114.	0.C5	
		N RESPONSES 129	0.05	
1)	HOLOCK OF NO	4 Krauckara 154	0 • C6	
, u				
(QUEST	TION NUMBER	103	
15	1.03UE	SIKE TO LEARN		
•		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
£	SCHCOL	941	0.45	
	HUME	679	C.33	··ib-··
17	UNDECIDED	94	0.05	
•	MULTIPLE	268		
U		RESPONSES 93	0.13	
		: <u>//</u>	0.04	
: 19				
		ION NUMBER	104	
. 2	1040E	TERMINE CAREER		
	CCHOOL	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
n	SCHOOL	861	0.41	
	HOME	61	0.33	
<i>)</i>	UNDECIDED	178	0.09	
	MULTIPLE	236	0.11	
·	NUMBER OF NOW	RESPONSES 119	0.06	
				-
"				•
71 		ICM NUMBER 1		·
'B		HIEVE COALS	05	
'B	10540	HIEVE COALS FREQUENCY	O5 PERCENT/GE	· · · · · ·
'B	105AC SCHCGL	HIEVE GOALS FREWDENCY 470		· · · · · ·
'B	L	HIEVE GOALS FREUDENCY 470 1032	PERCENT/GE 0.23	
39	SCHCGL SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED	HIEVE GOALS FREUDENCY 470 1032	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50	
30	SCHCGL SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE	HIEVE GOALS FREUDENCY 470 1032 139	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67	
	SCHCGL SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE	HIEVE GOALS FREUDENCY 470 1032 139	PERCENT; GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17	
	SCHCGL SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE	HIEVE COALS FREWUENCY 470 1032 139	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67	
	SCHCGL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON	HIEVE GOALS FREUDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04	
	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON	HIEVE GOALS FRENUENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87	PERCENT; GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17	
	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON	HIEVE GOALS FREUDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTE PRINCIPLES	PERCENT; GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04	
	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON	HIEVE GOALS FREWDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.07 0.17 0.04	
	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NOR QUEST LOGHE	HIEVE GOALS FREWDENCY 470 1032 129 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENT/GE 0.30	
	SCHCGL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST LOGHE SCHCOL HOME	HIEVE GOALS FREWDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.07 0.17 0.04	
	SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOGHE, HOME UNDECIDED	HIEVE GOALS FRENDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENT/GE 0.30	
r	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOGHE, SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE	HIEVE GOALS FREWDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENTAGE 0.30 0.50	
r	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOGHE, SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE	HIEVE GOALS FRENDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENTAGE 0.30 0.50 0.64 0.10	
r	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOGHE, SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE	HIEVE GOALS FREWDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENTAGE 0.30 0.50 0.64 0.10	
r	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOGHE, SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON	HIEVE GOALS FREQUENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216 RESPONSES 109	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENTAGE 0.30 0.50 0.64 0.10	
r	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOGHE, SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON	HIEVE GOALS FREWDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216 RESPONSES 109	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENTAGE 0.30 0.50 0.64 0.10	
r	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOGHE, SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON	HIEVE GOALS FREUDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216 RESPONSES 109	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.07 0.17 0.04 PERCENT/GE 0.30 0.50 0.04 C.1C 0.05	
r	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST LOGHE UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON QUEST 1075E	HIEVE GOALS FREWDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216 RESPONSES 109	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENT/GE 0.30 0.50 0.04 C.10 0.05	
r	SCHOOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST LOGHE UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON QUEST LOTSE SCHOOL	HIEVE GOALS FREUDENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216 RESPONSES 109	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENTAGE 0.30 0.50 0.04 C.10 0.05	
r	SCHCGL HCME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST LOGHE UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON QUEST 1075E	HIEVE GOALS FREQUENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216 RESPONSES 109 ION NUMBER 10	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.67 0.17 0.04 PERCENT/GE 0.30 0.50 0.64 C.10 0.05 PERCENT/GE C.16	
r	SCHOOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST LOGHE UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON QUEST LOTSE SCHOOL	HIEVE GOALS FREQUENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216 RESPONSES 109 ION NUMBER 109 ION NUMBER 109	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.07 0.17 0.04 PERCENT/GE 0.30 0.50 0.04 C.10 0.05 PERCENT/GE 0.19 0.55	
r	SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOGHE SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON QUEST: LO75EX	HIEVE GOALS FREQUENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216 RESPONSES 109 ION NUMBER 10 ATTITUDE FREQUENCY 385 1135 119	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.07 0.17 0.04 PERCENT/GE 0.30 0.50 0.04 C.1C 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	
	SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE AUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOGHE, SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE NUMBER OF NON QUEST: LOTSEX SCHCOL HOME UNDECIDED MULTIPLE UNDECIDED MULTIPLE MUMBER OF NON	HIEVE GOALS FREQUENCY 470 1032 139 347 RESPONSES 87 ION NUMBER 1 ALTH PRINCIPLES FREQUENCY 628 1034 88 216 RESPONSES 109 ION NUMBER 109 ION NUMBER 109	PERCENT/GE 0.23 0.50 0.07 0.17 0.04 PERCENT/GE 0.30 0.50 0.04 C.10 0.05 PERCENT/GE 0.19 0.55	



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	QUESTION	NUMBER 108		
		TS CF DRUGS		
1	2002(1)	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
	SCHCOL	916	0.44	
1	HOME	506	0.24	
	UNCEC IDED	142	0.67	
•	MULTIPLE	402	0.19	
	NUMBER OF NON RES			
' -	MONDEY, OF HOW HE!	10 N3L3 109	0.05	
	QUESTICN	MILMOCD 100		
		NUMBER 109 P SPEC INTR		A
		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	<u> </u>
	SCHCOL	1089	0.52	,
	HOME	502	0.32	
	UNDECIDED	101	0.24	/
	MULTIPLE	274		
•	NUMBER OF NON RES		0.13	
,	TOTISER OF NOW RES	LONSES INA	0.05	·
it	QUESTION	NUMBER 110	·	,
		DECISIONS		1
P	4.	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
	SCHOOL	808	0.39	
·	HOME	789		
	UNDECIDED		0.38	
•	NULTIPLE	108	0.05 -	
		246	0.12	į
41	NUMBER OF NON RES	ruiyata 124	0.06	
11	QUESTICN	NUMBER 111		!
	111MEMORI		•	
"		FR EQUENCY	DED CENTACE	-
	SCHOOL	1461	. PERCENTAGE	
; ·	HOME	135	0.70	
	UNDECIDED		0.07	
14	MULTIPLE	194 85	0.09	
			0.04	
	NUMBER OF NON PES	runses 200	0.10	
·	OUESTION	NUMBER 112		
1		INFORMATN	-	
		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
"	SCHOOL	1684	0.81	
,· •	HOME	92	0.04	
	UNDECIDED	51	0.02	
71	MULTIPLE	120	0.06	
	NUMBER OF NON RESI		0.06	
			U • G C	
)· 				
)	, s			
3'	QUESTION 1	NUMBER 113		
}*				
)		R ESPLINS IPL	PEGGENTACE	
y	113ACCFPT	RESPUNSIBL FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
P	113ACCEPT SCHOOL	FREQUENCY 257	0.12	
1	SCHOOL HOME	FREQUENCY 257 1364	0.12 0.66	
)	SCHOOL HOME UNDECTOED	FREQUENCY 257 1364 90	0.12 0.66 0.04	
P	SCHOOL HOME	F ESFLNS IPL FREQUENCY 257 1364 90 277	0.12 0.66	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



	DUESTION NUMBER	114
f	LIALEARNG TO ADJUST	
SCHOOL	FREQUEN 618	
HOME	916	
UNDEC IN	D 135	0 • 44 0 • C7
MULTIPLE	313	0 15
, NUMBER OF	NON RESPONSES 93	0.04
		*
	DUESTION NUMBER	
	15IMPORTACE OF LIF	115 F
1	FREQUEN	·
	270	, 411 - 411 / NOL
HOME	1347	t to the teach of the contract of the teachers
UNDECIDE	/2	0.05
MULTIPLE		0.13
NU F.BER OF	NON RESPONSES 93	0.04
0	UESTION NUMBER	116
	16MAJOR RELIGIONS	
	FREQUENC	CY PERCENTAGE
"SCHEOL	1169	0.56
HOME	572	0.28
UN DECIDE		0.C6
	NON RESPONSES 98	0.05
1 "	MON WESLONSES 49	0.05
11	-	
	UESTION NUMBER	117
1	J7RELIGIOUŞ COHMIT	8
/ ((()))	FREQUENC	PERCENTAGE
» /_ SCHOOL	52	
" UNDECIDE	1656 179	0.80
MULTIPLE	31	0.09
	NON RESPONSES 157	0 • C1 0 • C8
n	ICCTT ON MILEDON	
	JESTION NUMBER L <u>bbetter educ</u> in bh	118
•	FREQUENC	
, STRONG AC	GRE 1262	0.61
AGREE	613	0.30
DISAGREE	72	0.03
NO OPINIO		0.03
NOFBEX OF	NUN RESPUNSES 62	0.03
1		
/"	ESTICN NUMBER	119
	9 INACEQUATE FOMEWK	
•	FREQUENC	*****
STRONG AC	RE 140	0.07
AGREE	355	C.17
DISAGREE	_ 930	0.45
NO OPINIC	NON RESPONSES 158	0.24
BELLE WORLK UP	かいか ちょうとしかろとら キち糸	0.08

		120	
120100101	DUAL NEEDS FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
STRONG AGRE	373	0.18	
√ AGREE	852	0.41	
DISAGREE	276	0.18	•
NO CPINION	302	C.15	
NUMBER OF NON RES		0.08	
QUESTIÓN	NUMBED	121	
	NG STANDARD	121	
X 22.010C.1.1	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
STRONG AGRE	635	C.31	
AGREE	662	0.32	
DISAGREE	600	0.29	
NO OPINION	90	0.04	
NUMBER OF NON RES	PONSES 88	0.04	
QUESTION	NUMBER	122	
122T EACHE	RS SUPERIOR	,	
Hanni	FREQUENCY		
STRONG AGRE	453	0.22	
AGRÉE	653	0.31	
DISAGREE	316	0.15	
NO OPINION	519	0 • 25	
NUMBER OF NON RES	PUNSES 134	0.06	
		- !	
"QUESTION	NUMBER	123	
	kS SUPERIOR	,	
	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
STRONG AGRE	348	0.15	
AGREE	591	0.28	
DISAGREE	266	0.13	
	681		
NUMBER OF NON FES	PONSES_139	0.67	
QUESTION	NUMBER	124	
1 Z4CUNFER	ENCES & INF FREQUENCY		
CIDCMO ACDE			
STRONG AGRE	105 237	0.11	
DISAGREE	1069	0.52	
NO CEINION	479	C • 23	
NUMBER OF NON RES		0.09	
11			-
B	NUMBER -	125	
125FAIF H		** .	
H=	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
STRONG AGRE	211	C • 1. C	
AGREE	686	0.23	
DISAGREE	238	0.11	_
NO CPINION			
	751	0.36	
NUMBER OF NON'RES	751	0.36 0.09	
	751	0.36	

		\		
	QUESTION	NUMBER 126	V 1 - COLON DA PRINCIPAL DE LOS DELLES DE LES DE LE	
(ENS INTEREST		
**1		FREQUENCY		
	STRONG AGRE		PERCENTAGE	
	AGREE TORKE	244	0.12	
•		843	0.41	
	DIJAGNEE	372 ,	0.18	
	O CPINION	463 ·	0.23	
NI	JMBER OF NON RE	SPONSES 148	0.07	
			V. • O (
•		,		
,	QUESTION	MINGEO		
		NUMBER 127 ICT INTEREST		
) ~	12101311			
	TOCHC ACC	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	,
	TRONG AGRE	235	0.11	
	GREE	839	0.40	***
[ISAGREE	334	0.16	
1	O CEINION	470		
, NL	MBER OF NON RE	SPENSES 197	0 • 23	
		2.2.2.2.2.2.	0.09	
´)	OUECT			
	QUEST CN			
	1287 EACH	R PUPL RATIO		
<i>\ .</i> ·		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
	TRONG AGRE	455	0.22	
Λ	GREE	577		
V., D	ISAGREE	772	0.28	•
	C CPINION		C.37	
		129	0.06	
1,	MBER OF NON RES	PUNSES 142	0.07	
ę				
"		·	i	
	QUESTICN	NUPBER 129		
(>	129FAIR H	EARING		
	<u> </u>	FREQUENCY	DECCENTROL	
5	IRENG AGRE	200	PERCENTAGE	
	CREE		0.10	
	IS AGREE	880	, 0.42	
) ()() * b = () ()	220	0.11	
		587	০ • 2 ৪	
P	ABER OF NUN RES	PCNSES 188	0.09	
.,				
>	QUESTION	NUMBER 130		
•				
11	<u> 1300 LASS</u>			
		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
	RCNG AGRE.	815	0.39	
	REE	646	0.31	
" D1	SAGREE	361	0 17	
,,	OPINION	112		
			0.05	
	RFB (1) YOU EEC	D1 N.CE.C. 1 / 1		
	RER OF NON KES	PUNSES 141	0.07	
	<u>MER OF NON KES</u>	2UNSES_141	0.07	
			0.07	
	QUESTION I	NUMBER 131	0.07	
	QUESTION I	NUMBER 131	0.07	
		NUMBER 131 E FOR CLGE		
n	QUESTION I 131PREPARE	NUMBER 131 E FOR OLGE FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
" NUM	QUESTION I 131PREPARE	NUMBER 131 E FOR CLGE FREQUENCY 245	PERCENTAGE 0.12	
"	OUESTION I 131PREPARE RONG AGRE REC	NUMBER 131 E FOR OLGE FREQUENCY 245 442	PERCENTAGE	
"	QUESTION I 131PREPARE BONG AGRE REU SAGREE	NUMBER 131 E FOR CLGE FREQUENCY 245	PERCENTAGE 0.12 0.21	
NOM	QUESTION I 131PREPARE RONG AGRE REU SAGREE CPINION	NUMBER 131 E FOR CLGE FREQUENCY 245 442 1044 166	PERCENTAGE 0.12 0.21 0.50	
NOM	QUESTION I 131PREPARE BONG AGRE REU SAGREE	NUMBER 131 E FOR CLGE FREQUENCY 245 442 1044 166	PERCENTAGE 0.12 0.21	

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011i.	STIGN NUMBER 132	Michigagas Andrews (1984) - Michigan (1984) - Michigan (1984) - Angres (1984) - Michigan (1984) - Mich	
رم. ا 132	STION NUMBER 132 LESS ACADEMICALLY		
452	FREQUINCY		
STRONG AGR		PERCENTAGE	
AGREE		0.06	• • • • • •
CISAGREE	739	0.36	
NO CPINION	430.	0.21	
		0.29	
"" L NOMBER OF ME	ON RESPONSES 183	0 • C 9	
7			
	STION NUMBER 133		
1331	FUND LCCAL SCHOOL		
C T D C V A	FP EQUENCY	PERCENTAGE ·	4
STRONG AGRE	629	0.30	
AGREE)	0.29	
DISAGREE	16	0.09	
NO CPINION	47).	0.23	
,NUMBER OF NO	N RESPONSES 189	0.09	
	And the second s	0.07	
QUES	TION NUMBER 134		
1348	UDGET SPENT WISE		
,	FREQUENCY	DED CENTRAL TOTAL	·
STRONG AGRE	265	PERCENTAGE	
AGREE	691	0.13	
DISAGREE	374	C.33	
NO OPINION	582	0.18	
	N RESPONSES 163	0.28	-4
	WESTURNES LOS	0.C3	
	•		
OHES	TION NUMBER 135		
	TION NUMBER 135 MCREASE TAXES		
(-		
STRONG AGRE	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
AGREE	562	0.27	
DISAGREE	587	0.28	
NO OPINION	395	0.19	
	374	0.18	
, THE NOTE OF THE	V RESPONSES 157	0.08	
/		***************************************	~~~~~
(
	TION NUMBER 136		
	NEYS WORTH		
136KC		PERCENTAGE	
STRUNG AGRE	NEYS WORTH	PERCENTAGE 0-27	
STRUNG AGRE , AGREE	NEYS WORTH FREQUENCY	0.27	
STRUNG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE	NEYS WORTH FREQUENCY 567 775	0.27	
STRUNG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION	NEYS WORTH FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385	0.27 0.27 0.10	
STRUNG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION	NEYS WORTH FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385	0.27 0.27 0.10 0.15	
STRUNG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION	NEYS WORTH FREQUENCY 567 775 200	0.27 0.27 0.10	
STRUNG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION	NEYS WORTH FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385	0.27 0.27 0.10 0.15	
STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION NUMBER OF NON	FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385 FESPONSES 148	0.27 0.27 0.10 0.15	
STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION NUMBER OF NON	FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385 FESPONSES 148 ICN NUMBER 137	0.27 0.27 0.10 0.15	
STRUNG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION NUMBER OF NON	RESPONSES 148 ICH NUMBER 137 OGP IMPLEMNIED	0.27 0.27 0.10 0.15 0.07	
STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION NUMBER OF NON QUEST 137PR	FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385 FESPONSES 148 ICN NUMBER ICN NUMBER FREQUENCY	0.27 0.27 0.10 0.15 0.C7	
STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION NUMBER OF NON QUEST L37PR STRONG AGRE	FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385 FRESPONSES 148 ICM NUMBER 137 DGP IMPLEMNIED FREQUENCY 386	0.27 0.37 0.10 0.15 0.C7	
STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION NUMBER OF NON QUEST 137PR STRONG AGRE AGREE	FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385 FRESPONSES 148 ICN NUMBER 137 DGP IMPLEMNIED FREQUENCY 386 644	0.27 0.27 0.10 0.15 0.C7	
STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION NUMBER OF NON AUTOMATICAL STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE	FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385 FESPONSES 148 ICN NUMBER DGP IMPLEMNIED FREQUENCY 386 644 657	0.27 0.37 0.10 0.15 0.C7	
STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION NUMBER OF NON AUMBER OF NON ATRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION	FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385 FRESPONSES 148 ICN NUMBER 137 DGP IMPLEMNIED FREQUENCY 386 644 657 223	0.27 0.37 0.10 0.15 0.C7 PERCENTAGE 0.19	
STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION NUMBER OF NON AUMBER OF NON ATRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO CPINION	FREQUENCY 567 775 200 385 FESPONSES 148 ICN NUMBER DGP IMPLEMNIED FREQUENCY 386 644 657	0.27 0.37 0.10 0.15 0.07 PERCFATAGE 0.19 0.31 0.32	



	QUESTION (v
- n	138ELIMIN/		DEDCENTACE	
••		FPEQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
24	STRONG AGRE	237	0.11	
	AGREE	499	0.24	
	DISAGREE	760	0.37	
1/	NC OPINION	439,.	0.21	
	NUTBER OF NON RESP	PCNSES 140	0.07	
71	• • •	211 1212		
71	QUESTION 1 1397AX CVE	NUMBER 139		
10		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
	STRONG AGRE	591	0.28	€ .
31	AGKEË	592	0.29	
	DISAGREE	273	0.13	
3/	NO CPINION	422	0.20	
	NUMBER OF NON RES		0.09	
	NUMBER OF MIN RES	-CMSCS 191	0.07	
1		AUMBER 140 T APPEARNCE		
1		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
	CTOCALC ACDE	435	0.21	
,	STRENG AGRE		0.29	
	AGREE	598		
4	DISAGREE	803	0.29	
	NO CPINION	127		
·	NUMBER OF NON RES	PONSES 112	0.C5	
,				-
•	QUESTICN	NUMBER 141		-
	141PR0GRA	MS CUPTAILD		
- 1,		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
	STRONG AGRE	149	0.07	
1	AGREE	483	0.23	
	DISAGREE	969	° 0.47	
1	NO OPINION		0.15	
	NUMBER OF NON RES	POESES 163		
1'	MOWDEN OF HOW WES	1 37.51.5 2 2 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
4	QUESTION 142SAL4RY	NUMBER 142 REDUCED		
17		FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
	STRING AGRE	61	0.03	
11	AGREE	106	0.05	
	DISAGREE	1534	C.74	
	NO OPINIÚN	241	0 • 12	
•	NO OF INTON			
15	AUMBER OF MUN KES	PCNSFS 133	0.00	
Site of the site o	QUESTION 14357AFF	NUMBER 143		
17		KE DUCED FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE	
•	CIDOMO ACO:	71	0.03	
11		206	0.10	
	AGREE	206		
19	DISAGREE	1404	0.68	
	NO OPINION	260	0 - 13	
76	NUMBER OF NON KES	PUNSES 136	0.c7	
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•			and the state of t	to a place to recovery one is desired, the property of the party of th
()		139		
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CROSS-TABULATION ANALYSIS FOR THE OLESTIUMMAIRE

		۵. ا	SONTE	WITH SGEDUCATIONAL PLANNING MISSING IN DEC
	ESSENTIAL IF FUNDS	1032 (0.90) 487 (0.79)	106 (0.27)	30
		138 (0.73)	34 (0.18)	(30.0)
t 1 t 1 t 1	58 104 56 VOCATIONAL	CNAL PLANNG		O4DETERWINE
(S)	ESSENT IAI	· /\	ري لم	UNDEC 10ED MULTIPL (0.09) 168 (0.13)
	IF FUNDS	207 (0.58)	229 (0,42)	43 (0.08)
1);),	o¦	- ;	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	74-77-74 FACTS	AMER HISTORY ESSENTIAL	11	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
	ESSENTIAL	850 (0.46)	652 (0.37)	(0.12)
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	NOT NECESSY	16 (0.38)	-	18 (0.43)
	58 102 98FIGHTS	E RESPONSE	4	WITH 102AMERICAN HERITAGE
	SCHOOL	101	HCP(UNDECTOED 6
	HO ME	755 (0.73)	190 (6.18)	41 (0.04) 21 (0.02)
1 1 1 2 2	WLT IPLE		6 (0.03)	3 (0.02) 85
	SO 77 99CBL IGATIONS	1	and the commentation of the comments of the co	WITH 77 COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT MISSING IN C
		u,	FUNDS 7	CESSAR 2.>
×	HOME TO MOTO TO TO	298 (0.42)	275 (C.35) 38 (C.32)	105 (0.15)
	MULTIPLE	83 (0.55)	(,34)	. 10 (0.07)
;			XXX	



103 105 103 25 I RE	TO LEARN	/•	_	SACHIEVE GPA
	SCHOO	HC48	UNDEC 102	
SCHCCL	\ †	11 (0.44	(0000)	102 (0.1)
į,	89 (0.1	7 (0.75	(0.05)	50 (0.07)
UNDECIDED	11 (0.12)	31 (0.33)	7 (0.50)	5 (0.05)
B TeI L	7 (0.03	5 (0.28	1 (00.00)	183 (0.68)
105 57 105ACF1EVE			T.	CLP PERS PROBLEMS
	SSEN	5	MEC	
SCHOOL	(0.5	8 :	(60.0) 02	
ın is	549 (0.53)	37 (6.33)	:	
CECI	79.0) 68	33 (0.24	15 (0	
16117	6.00.3	3 (0.30)	<u>⊙</u>	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
114 57 114LEARNG	21	;	HLS FIR	HELP PERS PROSLEMS
	ESSER	FUN	MECE	
SCHOOL	375 (0.61)	1 (0.26)	40 (0.08)	
ω ≥ O	58 (0.51	06 (0.33)	(0.1)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
ب ج:	82 (0.6	0.30	္	
ULTIPL	4 (0.6	8 (0.28)	0.0)	
118 6 11 SBETTER	EDUC IN BH		S	OWN HOME IN 8 H
	Y = S	OX	i	
TRO	8 (0.5	4 (0.1	177 (0.14)	
	312 (0.51)	.0) <u>25</u>	100 (0.16)	
I SAGREE	3 (0.4	2 (0,17		
ပ ဘ	3 (0.3	0 (0.15		
			;	
1.0 / 118BEIIFR	۷,		\sim	OWN EUSINESS IN BH
	<u>></u>	U	<u>::</u>	
STRUNG AGPE		5°0) 5	<u>;</u>	
111 111 12	4 (0.1	かか	(0)	
I S r Graa	10)	3 (0,3	ş	
O CPIN	(0.1	21 (0.3	70 (0.30)	

XXIII

RENT APT IN 8 H.	MPLOYED IN 8 II	OEMPLCYEC BY BHUSC	1STUDENT AT BHHS	2GRABUATE OF EHFS
MIT 8 R STUDENT 177 (0.14) 160 (0.14) 17 (0.24) 20 (0.30)	WITH 9 EN STUCENT 177 (0.14) 100 (0.16) 17 (0.24) 20 (0.30)	NITH 10EN STUCENT 177 (0.14) 100 (0.10) 17 (0.24) 20 (0.30)	STUCENT STUCENT 9 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	NITE 12GR STUDENT 177 (0.14) 190 (0.16) 20 (0.34)
NU 436 (0.35) 212 (3.35) 19 (0.26) 16 (0.24)	430 (8,34) 198 (0,52) 21 (6,23) 16 (0,24)	NO 526 (6.42) 235 (0.38) 23 (0.32) 21 (0.32)	NC 564 (C.45) 257 (C.42) 26 (C.36) 23 (C.36)	491 (6.39) 225 (6.37) 24 (6.33) 24 (6.33)
263 (0.21) 113 (0.18) 14 (0.19) 10 (0.15)	EDUC IN BH YES 243 (0.19) 104 (0.17) 12 (0.17) 12 (0.17)	EDUC IN BH YES 142 (0.11) 76 (0.12) 8 (0.12) 8 (0.12)	EDUC_IN BH YES 187 (0.15) 103 (0.13) 19 (0.26) 20 (0.30)	EĐUC IN CH YES 111 (0.09) 50 (0.08) 3 (0.04) 1 (0.02)
STRONG AGRE AGREE LISUCTIER FOUC AGREE LISAGREE NO OPINION 1	STRONG AGRE AGREE BISAGNEE NO GPINION	STFONG AGRE AGREE CT SAGREE NO CPINION	ST. SONS LORE AGRE AGREE DI SAGREE NO OPINION	118 12 1133ETTEK STRONG AGPE AGREE DISAGREE NU OPINION

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35 THAN 4 STUDENT 3.0) 177 (3.24) 3.0) 166 (3.16) 3.01) 17 (0.24) 3.0) 20 (0.33)	AE THAN 4 STUDENT 0.0) 177 (0.14) 0.0) 100 (0.16) 0.0) 17 (0.24) 0.0) 20 (0.24)	E THAN 4 STUDENT (-0) 177 (0.14) (-0) 160 (0.16) (-0) 20 (0.24) (-0) 20 (0.30)	E Than 4 Sfudent •0) 277 (0.14) •0) 17 (0.4) •0) 26 (0.30)	E THAN 4 STUDENT •0) 177 (0.14) •0) 100 (0.15) •0) 17 (0.24) •0) 20 (3.30)
THRU NG GND MC 6 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	TH THRU 5TE GRD 40 NOR 2 (0.00) (0.00) (0.00) (0.00) (0.00) (0.00) (0.00) (0.00) (0.00)	TH THRL STH GRE 4 CHILUREN 2 (6.03) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	TH THRU 12TH GRD 4 CHILDREN MCK 3 (C.00) 0 (0 0 (0.0) 1 (0 1 (C.01) 0 (0	LDREN PRESCHEGL 4 CHILDREN MOR 2 (0.00) 1 (0.00) C (0 0 (0.0) C (0 0 (0.0) C (0
EREY 3 JF-1LCREN 11 (0.01) 2 (0.00) 0 (0.0)	JREM 3 CHILDREN 4 (0.00) 3 (0.00) ((0.01) 0 (0.01)	MITH 16 6 MITH 16 6 11 (0.01) 5 (0.01) 2 (0.03) 0 (0.0)	REN 3 CHILDREN 17 91 17 91 17 91 17 (0.01) 6 (0.01) 2 (0.03) 7 (0.03)	WITH 19CHI 3 CHILUREN 0 (0.0) 1 (0.00) 1 (0.01) 0 (0.0)
CHILD 2 CHILL 5.19) 56 (0.06) 5.15) 36 (0.06) 15) 1 (0.01)	BH CHILD 2 CHILL (0.01) (1.16) 1C (0.02) (1.17) 2 (0.02) (1.17) 0 (0.02)	BH CHILD 2 CHILD -25) 59 (0.05) -21) 29 (0.05) -18) 2 (0.03) -12) 1 (0.03)	6H CFILD 2 CFILD -27) 89 (0.07) -27) 51 (0.08) -21) 9 (0.13) -14) 4 (0.06)	CHILE 2 CHILES (0.01) (0.01) (0.01) (0.01) (0.01) (0.01) (0.01) (0.01) (0.01) (0.01)
1) EBETTER EDUC IN ECNE. RE	1188 ETTER EDUC IN ON E 212 (0 97 (0 10 (0)	116 BETTER EDUC IN CNE E 314 (0 127 (0 13 (0 8 (0	1188ETTER EDUC IN CNE 327 (0 163 (0 15 (0	118BETTER EDUC IN BH CNE CH 73 (0.00 40 (0.00 3 (0.00 4 (0.00 4 (0.00
STRONG AGR AGREE LISAGREE NO UPINION	118 15 STACNS AGR ASAFE EISAGNEE NO OPINION	STRONG AGR STRONG AGR AGREE CISAGREE NO CPINION	STRONS AGR AGREE DISAGREE NO OPINION	STRONG AGRE AGREE CISAGREE NO OPINION



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STRENS AGRE DISACREE NO OPINION TE 134 118BETTER EDU TSACRE NO OPINION TSACRE NO OPINION TSACRE NO OPINION TSACRE TSACRE NO OPINION TSACRE TSA	CNE CHILD 63 (0.09) 6 (0.09) 6 (0.09) 6 (0.09) 7 (0.10) 8 (0.04) 8 (0.04) 8 (0.04) 9 (0.03) 1 N BH 8 TRONG AGR 83 (0.04) 1 N BH 8 TRONG AGR 9 (0.03) 6 (0.38) 7 (0.38) 6 (0.09) 6 (0.09) 7 (0.21) 8 (0.19) 9 (0.15)	2 CHILCRER 54 (0.04) 25 (0.04) 4 (0.06) 1 (0.02) 192 (0.37) 192 (0.31) 14 (0.21) 14 (0.21) 27C (0.44) 12 (0.37) 27C (0.44) 12 (0.37) 27C (0.44) 2 CHILCREP 6 (0.06) 45 (0.06) 45 (0.06) 25 (0.06)	3 CHILDREN 18 (3.01) 1 (3.00) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 153 (0.15) 154 (0.23) 36 (0.50) 9 (0.15) 89 (0.15) 89 (0.15) 89 (0.15) 14 (0.21) 14 (0.21) 1 (0.01) 1 (0.01) 1 (0.00) 1 (0.00)	4 CHILDREN 3 (0.00) 2 (0.00) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.25) 214 (0.25) 214 (0.25) 214 (0.25) 214 (0.25) 214 (0.25) 214 (0.25) 214 (0.25) 214 (0.25) 21 (0.25) 21 (0.25) 21 (0.00)	E E MURE THAN 4 1 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 10 0 (0.0) 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	STULENT 100 (0.1c) 17 (0.24) 20 (0.50) 20 (0.15) 31 (0.15) 35 (0.15) 39 (0.15)
S 15 1191NADEC'ATERERE	HCMEWK DNE C 29 (0.2	2 CHI (0.5)	W IT F 3 C F I	тн тняц 4 СР	40x	STUCEN
CISAG EE 17	83 (0.23) 71 (0.18) 40 (0.08)	24 (0.01) 0 (0.0)	(0°0) (0°0) (0°0)		0 (0.0)	33 (0.09) 51_(0.16) 89 (0.18)

2 STUDER.T 21 (0.15) 35 (0.09) 15) (0.16) 89 (0.16)	21 (0.15) 33 (0.09) 151 (0.10) 85 (0.10)	4 STUCENT 42 (0.12) 269 (0.13) 70 (0.19) 66 (0.22)	4 STUCENT 41 (0.11) 109 (0.13) 70 (0.13) 66 (0.22)	4 STUDERT 109 (0.13) 109 (0.13) 70 (0.13) 66 (0.22)
0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	MORE THAN 1 (0.01) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	MORE THAN 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.0)	C (0.0) C (0.0) C (0.0) C (0.0)	0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)
TH THRU BTH GR 4 CHILDKEN 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.0)	TH_THRU 12TH GF 2 CHILDREN 1 (0.01) 1 (0.00) 2 (0.00) 0 (0.0)	THKU 3RD GRD 4 CHILDREN 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	TH THRU 5TH GRE 4 CHILDREN 1 (0.00) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	TH THRU STH GRD 4 CFILDREN 0 (0.0) 1 (0.03) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)
MIT 16 6 3 CHLUREN 5 (0.02) 5 (0.01) 7 (0.01) 2 (0.00)	MITH 17 9 3 CHILDREN 1 (C.01) 7 (0.02) 24 (0.02)	WITH 14 K 5 CHILDREN 4 (0,01) 8 (0,01) 2 (0,01) 0 (0,0)	MITE 15 4 3 CHILDREN 1 (0,00) 4 (0,00) 5 (0,01) 0 (0,0)	WITH 16 6 3 CHILGREN 3 (0.01) 5 (0.01) 6 (0.02) 0 (0.02)
2 CHILDREN 6 (3.06) 17 (0.05) 50 (0.05) 17 (0.03)	2 CHILEREN 12 (0.05) 34 (0.16) 38 (0.05) 14 (0.03)	2 CHILEREP 19 (0.05) 59 (0.07) 17 (0.05) 1 (0.00)	2 CHILDREN 9 (0.02) 15 (0.02) 4 (0.01) 1 (0.00)	2 CHILCREM 14 (0.04) 55 (0.04) 17 (0.05) 2 (0.01)
CATE FOMEWK GNE CHILD 45 (0.32) 91 (0.26) 259 (0.28) 55 (0.11)	LATE HOMEWK CNE CHILD 43 (0.31) 118 (0.33) 276 (0.30) 83 (0.17)	CUAL NEEDS CRE CHILD 81 (0.22) 209 (0.25) 53 (0.14) 16 (0.05)	CLAL NEEDS CNE CFILD 65 (0.17) 169 (0.20) 72 (0.19) 13 (0.04)	EUAL NEEDS CNE CHILD 101 (0.27) 233 (0.27) 94 (0.25) 18 (0.06)
STRCNG AGREAGER STRCNG AGRECT	STRONG AGRE AGREE CLATE AGREE CLAGREE 1 NO OPINION	120 14 1201NCIVICUAL STRONG AGRE LOREE CISAGREE LAO OPINION	G1 120 15 120INDIVIDLA STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO GPINIOP	120 16 120INDIVICUAL ST 82NG AGR E 1 AGR E 2 DI SAGR E 2 NO OPI NION



CC CC EE O	LOREN MORE THIN 4 STUDE	0 (0 0) 105 (0 13) 0 0 0 105 (0 13)	(0.00) 1 (0.00)) (0.5) 66 (0.2)	는 고 11	Z017.1	3	(1)	351	IN C. H.	! ! !						ESS IN BH					ı x x	;				
1 1 1	4 CH),01	°;	000	ร ี	0/	٤٥ (O).	271 (0.	07 (0	OWN HOME	! ! ! ! !						CWN BUSINE		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1		1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7					
	S CHILCR	14.70.02)	(0.0)	0.0)	1	DIS AGNE	43 (0.12	321 (0.14)	(0.2)	، ئى دى بىر	トスツリ	0) [3	6 (0.4	ć (0 1 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Ξ. Ε.	S	~	4,0) ò	16 (0.1	[F 4000	0) (1	0,	5 (0.4	
	-2 CHI	(50.0) 08	0.000	Q• O) _ 5	1 1 1	ม เม ชา	(C. W	354 (0.42)	3 (0.3			15 (0.1	131 (0.20)	4 (0.1	5 (0.1			NC 75 (0.4	300 (0.46)	70 (0.2	37 (0.4		0.7	49 (0•3	257 (0.34)	41 (0.2	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CAEC	245 (0.25)	17 (0.3	3 (0.0	NEDS	STACNG AGR	E*0) 0	74 (0.09)	4 (0.1	STAND	YES	71 (0.5	381 (0.58)	98 (0.3	÷*0)_88		STAND	YES 5 (0.1	\$5 (3 (0.0	0.0)	SYZK		ر د د	6 (0.	7 (0.1	
TENDINICATOR LEGIS		ASKEE	ISAGREE	O OPIA	120 134 120INDIVIDUAL		(;) (r }	150 5 min 0 1 0 5 0 min	0	121 6 121GR0CMING	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	FONG AGRE	70x Et	SACAFE	2.2		121 7 121GROCMING	F.		SAGREE	O		J	STRONG AGRE	i	CISAGREE	

KITH 9 EMPLCYED IN B H SIUCLNT 11 (0.02) 25 (0.03) 256 (0.43) 16 (0.13)	MITE 10EMPLCYED BY BHUSD SIUCENT 25 (0.02) 255 (0.43) 256 (0.43) 16 (0.18)	LITH INSTUDENT AT BHHS STUCENT 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	WITH 12GRADUATE OF BHHS STUDENT 11 (0.02) 23 (0.03) 256 (0.43) 16 (0.18)	MITH 140STUCENT APPEARNCE DISFGREE NC UPINION 63 (0.10) 22 (0.03) 159 (0.30) 45 (0.07) 486 (0.81) 36 (0.06) 44 (0.49) 24 (0.27)
NE 226 (0.36) 253 (0.38) 147 (0.24) 33 (0.37)	267 (0.45) 312 (0.47) 162 (0.27) 36 (0.40)	3CS (0.4S) 333 (0.5C) 183 (0.5C) 37 (0.41)	NO 275 (0.43) 3CC (0.45) 149 (0.25) 33 (0.37)	201 (0.32) 321 (0.45) 51 (0.06) 18 (0.20)
NG STANDARD YES 1026) 130 (0.26) 50 (0.10) 12 (0.13)	NG STARDARD YES 82 (0.13) 82 (0.12) 53 (0.09) 10 (0.11)	16 STANDARD YES 15 (0.02) 31 (0.05) 262 (0.44) 17 (0.19)	NG STANDARD YES 51 (0.08) 58 (0.08) 48 (0.09) 8 (0.09)	G STANDAR C STRUNG AGR 336 (0.53) 76 (0.11) 13 (0.02) 0 (0.0)
STRONG ASRE AGREE DISAGREE NO OPINION	121 1C 121GKOGMING STRONG AGRE AGREE EISAGREE NO GPINION	121 11 121GRGCMING STRONG AGRE AGREE DISAGNEE NO OPINION	STRONS AGRE AGREE CISAGREE NO OPI NION	STRONG AGRE ASSECTIONS CISAGREE NO OPINION

MOPE THAN 2 STUDENT 0 (0.0) 35 (0.05) 0 (0.0) 65 (0.10) 0 (0.0) 63 (0.20) 0 (0.0) 130 (0.25)	MCRE THAN 4 STUDGENT (0.0) 36 (0.0) (0.0) 65 (0.10) (0.0) 63 (0.10) (0.0) 13C (0.20)	MORE THAN 4 STUCENT (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.20) (0.0)	90RE THAN 4 STUDENT (0.0) (0.0) 65 (0.10) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)
5.4TH THRL 5TH GRE EN 4 CHILDREN 1 (0.00) 1 (3.00) 0 (0.0)	6 6TH THNU 3TH GRD FN 4 CHILDREN 0 (C.0) 1 (C.00) 0 (0.C)	7 91H THRU 12TH GRE 5N 4 CHILDREN 3 (0.01) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.00) 0 (0.00)	9CHILDREN GRAEUATED EN 4 CHILDREN 1 (0.00) 2 (0.01) 1 (0.00) 1 (0.00)
2 CHILEREM 3 CHILE (0.02) 0 (0.01) (0.02) 4 (0.01) (0.01) 0 (0.01)	CHILEREY 3 CHILD (0.05). 2 (0.00) (0.05) (0.05) (0.02) (0.02) (0.03) 3 (0.02)	CHILEREN 3 CHILE (0.05) (0.05) 1 (0.00) (0.02) (0.12) 9 (0.02) (0.02) (0.02)	Chilonew 3 Chilon (0.05) 3 (C.01) (0.05) 12 (0.02) (0.05) 2 (0.01) (0.03) 2 (0.01)
SUP EN 10P CNE CHILD 84 (0.19) 136 (0.21) 45 (0.14) 59 (0.11)	126 (0.28) 156 (0.25) 156 (0.25) 158 (0.25) 158 (0.25) 159 (0.25) 159 (0.25)	S. SUPERIOR ONE CHILE 11C (0.24) 190 (0.29) 53 63 (0.26) 139 (0.27) 27	35 SUPERION GNE CHILD 40 (6.00) 56 (0.00) 36 (0.12) 49 (0.00) 16 49 (0.00)
TRONG AGRE	22	STRONS AGRE ASRE DISAG? EE NG OPINION	122 1 9 122TEACHER STPONG AGKE AGREE DISAGREE NO OPI NION
	# 15 1221EACHERS SUPERIOR CNE CHILD 2 CHILDREN 4 CHILDREN MORE THAN 2 STUDEN EE 136 (0.21) 11 (0.02) 4 (0.01) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.0) 0 65 (0.10 CPINION 59 (0.11) 5 (0.01) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 1 30 (0.25 CPINION 59 (0.11) 5 (0.01) 1 30 (0.25	FONE AGRE	STRONG AGRE

	MESE THAN 4 STUDENT 0 (0.0) 58 (0.15) 0 (0.0) 88 (0.15) 1 (0.00) 50 (0.21) 0 (0.0) 56 (0.21)	HAN 4 STUPE) 56 (0.15) 56 (0.15) 56 (0.21) 56 (0.21	MORE THAN 4 STUDENT 0 (0.0) 53 (0.15) 0 (0.0) 83 (0.15) 0 (0.0) 56 (0.21) 0 (0.0) 96 (0.21)	MORE THAN 4 STUDENT 0 (0.0) 58 (0.15) 0 (0.0) 88 (0.15) 0 (0.0) 56 (0.21) 0 (0.0) 90 (0.14)
254LARY EEDUCED NO 3PINIGN 29 (0.06) 64 (0.10) 28 (0.09) 117 (0.23)	K_THRU_3RD_GRD_CRD_C (C.c.)	K THRU 2RD GRC 4 CHILDREN 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	TH THRU 5TH GRD 4 Children 1 (0.00) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	TH THRU 5TH GRE 4 CHILDREN 1 (0.00) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.0) U (0.0)
6.17h 14 DISAGNFE 504 (0.85) 520 (0.86) 235 (0.74) 353 (0.68)	WITE 14 14 14 15 10 013 15 10 013 15 10 013 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	WITH 14 3 CFILCREN 5 (0.01) 4 (0.01) 2 (0.01) 4 (0.01)	WITH 15 4 > CHILDREN 0 (0.0) 4 (0.01) 2 (0.01) 2 (0.00)	NITE 15 4 3 CHILCREN 0 (0.0) 4 (0.0) 2 (0.0) 2 (0.0) 3 (0.0)
GRE AGREE 37 (0.04) 37 (0.06) 25 (0.08) 25 (0.05)	2 CHILCRE 13 (0.03) 24 (0.04) 5 (0.02) 54 (0.08)	2 CHILDRE! 13 (0.03) 24 (0.04) 5 (0.02) 54 (0.06)	2 CHILDREX 5 (0.01) 6 (0.01) 4 (0.02) 13 (0.02)	2 CHILEREN 5 (0.01) 8 (0.01) 4 (0.02) 13 (0.02)
SUPERIOR STRCNG A STRCNG A 14 (0.03) 12 (0.02) 15 (0.06) 11 (0.02)	RS SUPERIOR CNE CHILD 51 (0.13) 56 (0.17) 36 (0.14) 171 (0.25)	S. SUPERIOR CRE CHILD 51 (0.13) 92 (0.17) 36 (0.14) 171 (0.23)	S SUPERICR ONE CHILD 51 (0.13) 88 (0.15) 36 (0.14) 145 (0.21)	SUPERIOR ONE CHILD S1 (0.13) 68 (0.15) 36 (0.14) 145 (0.21)
STRONG AGRE AGREE CISAGPEE NO OPINION	STACAG AGRE AGREE CISAGREE NO OPINION	STRONG ASRE AGREE LOSACNEE LOSACNEE LOSACNEE LOSACNEE LOSACNEE LOSACNEE LOSACNEE LOSACNEE LOSACNEE	STEDNG AGRE AGREE DISAGREE NO OPINION	123 15 123TEACHERS STRONG AGRE AGREE EISAGREE NO OPINION



2 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2	STUDEN STUDEN (0.15 (0.21)	Tues. (0.11)	54 (0.15) 68 (0.15) 56 (0.21) 96 (0.14)	55 (0.15) 56 (0.15) 59 (0.21) 56 (0.21)
6 (0.0)	MON 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	30 ACRE TEAN 2 (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	NORE THAN 4 0 (0.00) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.0)	0 KONE THAN 4 C (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 1 (0.00)
TH THPU STH 6 4 CHILDREN 0 (C.0) 1 (C.00) 0 (C.0)		H THPU 12TH G 4 CHILDREN 2 (0.01) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.0) 1 (0.00)	H THRU 12 TH GR 4 CHILDREN 2 (0.01) 1 (0.00) 0 (0.0) 1 (0.00)	EREN CRADUATE 4 CHILDREN 0 (0.0) 2 (0.00) 1 (0.00) 2 (0.00)
# ITH 16 c 3 CFILUREN 0 (0.0) 6 (0.01) 4 (0.02) 8 (0.01)	AITH 16 6 5 CHILDREN 0 (0.0) 6 (0.01) 4 (0.02) 8 (0.01)	# NTF 17 9T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	17 9TH 3 CHILDREN 1 (0.00) 6 (0.03) 5 (0.02) 5 (0.02)	WITH 19CHIL 3 (0.01) 2 (0.02) 3 (0.01) 2 (0.02) 3 (0.01) 2 (0.00)
2 CHILCREP 16 (0.04) 28 (0.05) 9 (0.03) 38 (0.06)	2 CF:LER:P 16 (0.04) 24 (0.05) 9 (0.03) 38 (0.06)	2 CHILCREX 23 (0.0¢) 71 (0.12) 33 (0.12) 23 (0.03)	2 CHILCREFF 3 (0.05) 1 (0.12) 3 (0.12) 3 (0.03)	2 CHILEREM 0 (0.05) 4 (0.04) 6 (0.06) 6 (0.06) 7 (0.02)
SUPERICR CNE CHILD 95 (0.24) 140 (0.24) 64 (0.24) 147 (0.22)	SUPERICR CNS CHILE 95 (0.24) 140 (0.24) 64 (0.24) 147 (0.22)	ONE CHILD— CNE CHILD— 29 (0.32) 92 (0.33) 00 (0.30) 15 (0.17)	UP ER IOR Ch. E. CHILD 25 (0.32) 25 (0.33) 7 80 (0.30) 31 18 (0.17) 2	PEFICN CNE CHILD 9 (0.10) 9 (0.11) 1 (0.12) 1 (0.12) 6 (0.07)
STRONG AGRE AGREE CISAGREE NO OPINION	123 16 123TEACHERS STRC.G AGRE 13.5AGRE 13.5AGRE 13.0AGRE	123 1 STFCNG OPER 11STGR	23 17 123TEACHERS S FORS 20FE SEGKEE SAGKEE OPINION	STACNG AGRE 3 AGREE 6 LISACREE 6 LISACREE 7 AGREE 7 AG



	MCRE THAN 4 STUDENT (0.0) 15 (0.07) (0.00) 103 (0.15) (0.00) 116 (0.15)	MORE THAN 4 STUDENT (0.07) (0.0) 51 (0.07) (0.0) 103 (0.07) (0.0) 116 (0.15)	MORE THAN 4 . 10 CELT (0.0) (0.0) 5 (0.07) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	(0.0) (0.0) (0.07) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.15)
STAFF RFUUCED NO OPINION 30 (0.09) (5 (0.11) 35 (0.13) 126 (0.19)	* K THRU 300 GED * CHILDREN * (0.0) * (0.0) * (0.0) * (0.0) * (0.0) * (0.0) * (0.0)	4TH THEU 5TH GRE 4 CHILDKEN 0 (0.0) 2 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	5TH THAU STH GRD 4 CHILDREN 0 (0.0) 0 1 (0.0) 0 0 (0.0) 0	11H_THRU_12TH_GRC_ 4 CHILDREN 0 (0.0) 0 4 (1.01) 0 0 (0.0) 0 0 (0.0) 1
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Prinale Pauchs Yes Yes 277 (0.57) 277 (0.56) 345 (0.45) 218 (0.50)	1 KAIE PECGAS YES 25 (0.12) 61 (0.12) 79 (0.10) 64 (0.15)	INATE_PASGRS YES 38 (0.16) 79 (0.16) 157 (0.21) 112 (0.26)	INATE PROCAS YES 30 (0.13) 73 (0.15) 63 (0.12) 23 (0.05)	NATE PEGOES YES 36 (0.15) 64 (0.15) 140 (0.18) 65 (0.15)
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PINATE PACCES YES 22 (0.09) 45 (0.09) 64 (0.09) 64 (0.03)	MINATE PROCESS STAUNC A 91 (0.33) 27 (0.03) 21 (0.03) 0 (0.01)	249 (0.55) 324 (0.55) 150 (0.73) 34 (0.20)	5V5.3 10E YES 87 (0.15) 31 (0.15) 36 (0.03) 21 (0.05)	CVERRIDE YES 126 (0.31) 148 (0.25) 39 (0.12) 70 (0.17)
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7 APFERGRESS 7ES 250 (0.57) 550 (0.59) 319 (0.40) 66 (0.52)	APPEARNCE VC3 70 (0.16) 79 (0.13) 7- (0.03) 15 (0.12)	APPEARICE V58 101 (0.23) 117 (0.20) 157 (0.20) 25 (0.20)	APPCARNCE YES 57 (0.12) 09 (.00) 11 (0.09)	APPEARNCE YES 15 (0.03) 23 (0.04) 255 (0.17)
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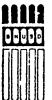
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APPENDIX II

ERIC Full Track Provides by ERIC

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BEVERLY HILLS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT • 255 SO. LASKY DRIVE, BEVER! Y HILLS, CALIF. 90212 Area Code (213) 277-5900

April 25, 1972

Dear Friends:

We need a few minutes of your time to assist us in reassessing and establishing goals for the Beverl/ Hills Unified School District. Your responses to the attached community survey will provide valuable and necessary data in our continuing effort to evaluate our current program and to project educational goals for the Seventies.

All segments of our community are represented in our parents, non-parents, single-unit and multi-unit residents, business and professional people, students, and school district employees. No signatures are requested.

Would you take a few minutes today and complete the survey and return it in the addressed, stamped envelope provided? We need your answers in our data bank. We need all returns by May 16, 1972.

We appreciate your time and assistance in making what we consider a good school district better.

Yours very truly,

Arthur Malin, M. D.

President, Board of Education

K. L. Peters

Superinter.dent of Schools

AM/KLP:vc Enclosure

The Beverly Hills Community Looks at its Schools

In order to correlate responses from various segments of the community, but not to identify individuals, would you please indicate on the apprepriate lines in each section the items that describe your situation.

	Section A	1 1–2	2 3–5	3 6-10	4 Over		
1	How many years have you lived in Beverly Hills?	yrs.	yrs.	yrs.	10 yrs.		5
į		Yes □	No				_
	I own a home in Beverly Hills.						5
1	l own a business in Beverly Hills.		님				,
	I rent an apartment in Beverly Hills.	H	H				9 9
	I am employed in Beverly Hills.		H				10
1	I am employed by the Beverly Hills Unified School District.	片	片				
	I am a student at Beverly Hills High School.	片	H				11
_	am a graduate of Beverly Hills High School.		U				12
Francisco describ	I moved have primarily in order for my child (children) to attend Reverly Hills Schools.						13
Ţ-	Section B						
Cabral	Check the category (categories) in which your child (children) is enro	olled in the R	everly Hills I	Inified Sch	ool District a	nd check i	other
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	4th through 5th grade	님	H				15
Ţ	6th through 8th grade	닏	닏				16
1	9th through 12th grade	딤	닏	H	님	님	17
	Child (Children) preschool	닏	닏			.U .D	16
1	Child (Children) graduated from Beverly Hills High School	. 닏			Ļ	U	19
4	No applicable category	, U					2C
everagine)	Section C		•				
-	Which are your best sources of information about Beverly Hills Schools	s? Please rate		in spaces b	elow.		
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Ž.		Most	Usually	Useful	Occasion-	Not	
1		Useful	Useful	[]	ally Useful	Useful	
	Newspapers			ב	· 📙		21
1	Talks with teachers and other school personnel		H	片			22
1	District publications		H	H.		님	23
•	Periodic newsletters from your principal		H.	L)		片	24
7	PTA neusactes .	님	님	닏		님	25
1	PTA meetings		님	님		님	26
i	Others (specify)	. 🗀	Ц	Ļ	L	L	27



•	Section D					
	Which newspapers do you read regularly? Check the appropriate to the second sec	or spaces.				20
•	Beverly Hills Courier	님				28
	Beverly Hills Independent	님				29
ı	Beverly Hills Post	H				30
	Highlights (Beverly Hills High School publication)	H				31 32
	Los Angeles Herald-Examiner	H				32 33
Ī	Los Angeles Times, West Side Section					33
4	Of these, which is your best source of information about Beverly Hills S	Schools? Che	ck one spac	e.		
7	Beverly Hills Courier	닏				34
S. Service	Beverly Hills Independent	님				35
'	Beverly Hills Post	님				36
, -	Highlights (Beverly Hills High School publication)	H				37
1	Los Angeles Herald-Examiner	H				38
į	Los Angeles Times, West Side Section					39
*	In which of the following area(s) would you like more information? Che	eck the appro	opriate spac	re or spaces.		40
	Subjects that are taught in individual grades	H				40
ĭ-	Counseling and guidance services	H				41
	Grading and homework policies How reading, math, science, etc. are taught	H				42 _. 43
-	Information on special classes (for hard of hearing, speech handicapped					73
7 -	high intelligence, etc.)					44
Sacient	District financial status					45
<u>.</u>	- Current news of Board of Education actions					46
- ·	What to expect from your child at certain eges and how you can help at					
į	home and school.	님				47
ì	How well your child is doing in school	님				49
ą.,	Others (specify)	_ ⊔				19
4		•				
į	•					
Ţ.						
Z A		•				
1	Section E These are the kinds of educational goals that are listed most frequently	y for school s	districts. Ho	ow do you rate	them in order of i	inpor
4	tance for students? Check one space for each item.	••	2	3		
		Essential	District to	Not		•
1		for District		Necessary		
4		to Provide	Funds	for District		
			Permit	to Provide		
7	BASIC COMMUNICATION SKILLS:					
1	Fundamental skills—to be onle to read, spell, punctuate, use		П	П		50
	correct grainmar and legible penmanship	H	Ħ	ក		51
1	To communicate ideas in viriting effectively	u	رب	<i>ب</i>	_	
j	Oral expression—to be able to listen and speak with understanding		Ü		-	52
	and the intelligently Mass media—to develop standards for judgment of T.V., radio,					
7	magazines and newspapes			U		53
	Thought the wine control of the con-					
#	ART:		r~			. .
23	To develop teste and discrimination in art	H	닍	님		54 # E
	To develop skills in the use of art in selia	님	님	ئے! رے		55 56
	To develop knowledge and understanding of fine works of art	LJ	لـا	L.		50



Section E

These are the kinds of educational goals that are listed most frequently for school districts. How do you rate them in order of importance for students? Check one space for each item.

		Essential for District to Provide	2 District to Provide :f Funds Permit	Not Necessary for District to Provide	,	
	COUNSELING and GUIDANCE SERVICES: To help students deal with personal problems To provide vocational planning, including job requirements and trends To provide educational planning, including high school, college and care	eer 🗆			5° 51 59	8
	*BASIC EDUCATIONAL GOALS: To foster a continuing interest in learning To encourage self-directed learning To provide for the acquisition of basic skills	0			69 62	1
	FOREIGN LANGUAGE: To be able to understand, speak, read and write a foreign language To understand and applemate different customs and ways of iiving To develop a positive attitude toward the learning of a foreign language	<u></u>			63 64 65	1
	READING: To develop skills in understanding written materials To develop an appreciation of literature To develop standards for judging written materials				63 67 68	7
•	PHYSICAL EDUCATION: To encourage sportsmanship To foster the physiological development of the student To develop knowledge of games and use of equipment To provide students with these skills to carry over into the incisure time To provide an avenue for wholesome release of tension				69 70 71 72 73)
	SOCIAL SCIENCES: To develop knowledge and learn facts of American history, government, geography, etc. To develop knowledge of related fields such as anthropology, social psychology and the humanities To develop an understanding of the influences of the social sciences in today's world To increase the student's community involvement	ם ם			74 79 76 77	;
	MATHEMATICS: Fundamental skillsto be able to add, subtract, multiply, divide Applicationto be able to use skills in everyday situations To meet college entrance requirements in mathematics				78 79 80)

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I	Section E These are the kinds of educational goals that are listed most frequently for	school	districts. Hc	w do you rate	them in order of	impor—
]	- for		2 District to Provide if Funds Permit	3 Not Necessary for District to Provide		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	SCIENCE: To assist the student to gain knowledge of scientific facts and principles To encourage the student to apply scientific procedures in daily living To develop interest in and appreciation of the nature and purposes of science				j j	81 82 83
	THEATER ARTS: To develop taste and selectivity in the theater arts To develop performing skills in "chool productions To gain a broader understanding through knowledge of dramatic literature					84 85 86
	To develop appreciation and discrimination in the world of music To develop skills in reading, creating and performing To develop concepts and an understanding of the elements of music				!	87 88 89
	SPEC: AL PROGRAMS: To provide classes for the physically, mentally or emotionally handicapped To provide classes for gifted students To provide classes for potential dropouts To provide classes for adults To provide classes for non-English speaking students					90 91 92 93 94
	JOB SKILLS: To help the student gain skills in business, education, technical arts, etc., for personal use To provide exposure to a wide area of vocational and technical skills To equip the student with employable skills after high school graduation					95 96 97

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185 E

Section F Which of the following goals are primarily a school responsibility, and which are primarily a home responsibility? Primarily Primarily Undecided a School a Home Responsi-Responsibility bility CITIZENSHIP: To nelp children understand the rights and responsibilities of individuals in our society 98 To teach obligations and responsibilities of a democratic society 99 To help develop the student's political philosophy 1C0 PATRIOTISM: To develop loyalty to the ideals of our democracy 101 To develop an understanding of our American heritage 102 ATTITUDES TOWARD SCHOOL: To help the child develop a strong desire to learn 103 To help the student determine his career goals 104 SELF-ESTEEM: To help the student develop a sense of his own worth and to build confidence in his ability to achieve his own goals 105 **HEALTH** and **SAFETY**: To help the student understand and practice the principles of health and safety 106 To help the student understand and have a healthy attitude toward sex 107 To help the student understand the affacts of drugs 108 INDIVIDUAL GROWTH: To encourage each student to explore and develop his special interests and abilities 109 To encourage each student to think through problems .efore making decisions, 110 To encourage the student to memorize and retain information 111 To develop in the student the ability to locate needed information 112 RESPONSIBILITY: To help the student learn to accept responsibility for his own actions \Box 113 RELATIONSHIPS TO OTHERS: To assist the student in learning to get along with others and to adjust successfully to a variety of situations \Box 114

115

116

117

To acquaint the student with major religions of the world
To instill a sense of religious commitment

To enhance the student's feeling of the importance of tife and living

RESPECT FOR LIFE:

RELIGIONS:

*Section G

Please indicate your feelings about the following statements relating to educational programs in Beverly Hills by responding to the questions below:

200	questions below:			•		
		1 Strougly Agree	2 , Agree	3 Disagree	4 No Opinion or Not Applicable	
I	Children in Beverly Hills are getting a better education than children in most cities in California.					118
_	Homework assignments are inadequate for my child's needs.				n	119
	The school program is meeting my child's individual needs in relation to his abilities.				_	120
•	It is appropriate for the district to maintain dress and grooming standards.					121
	Beverly Hills elementary teachers are superior to teachers in other distric				. 🗆	122
•	Beverly Hills secondary teachers are superior to teachers in other districts	. 🔲				123
1	As a parent I do not have sufficient access to my child's teachers for conferences and information.					. 124
4	The school administrators give a fair hearing to differing opinions in matters relating to my child's progress in school.		. 🗆			125
]	The Board of Education is interested in what the ordinary citizens think.					126
3	The school district administration is interested in what the ordinary sitizens think.					127
Businesses in	Teacher /pupil ratio (class size) is the most important factor in learning.					128
· ·	Generally the school administrators give a fair and impartial hearing to matters related to my child's progress in school.					129
Faces search	The excellence of the teacher is a more important factor in learning than class size (ratio of students to teachers).				 C:	130
	The main purpose of the educational program is to prepare my child for college entrance				П	131
\$	The school district provides for the needs of the less academically able.					132
.;	The State of California should contribute at least half of the funds required to support local school districts.					133
Int. efective!	The school district budget is spent wisely for the benefit of all students.					134
•	I would be willing to increase taxes in order to maintain the present program in Beverly Hilis Schools.					135
-	As taxpayers we get our money's worth for dollars we invest in schools in Beverly Hills.			. \square		. 126
7	The local community should determine what programs are implemented in the schools.	. 🗆			П	137
E-de influence out	There are educational programs that should be eliminated because they are too expensive and serve only the needs of a few students.				П	. 138
i a alemana i	I would vote for a tax override to maintain the present level of programs in Beverly Hills Schools.					139
3	A student's appearance affects his attitude toward school.		$\bar{\Box}$		ñ	140
- tricement	In order to reduce the budget, special programs should be curtailed or eliminated.		 	i i	П	141
1	In order to reduce the budget, present salary levels should be reduced.		Ō			142
4	In order to reduce the budget, staff should be reduced.					143
1	•					

This space is for your comments and suggestions:

18.7